THE BEACON.

VOL. 2. PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, MAY 5, 1893. NO. 18.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Deeds for Worthless Lands in the Colorado Desert.

FAILURE OF T. C. EARLY & CO.

Company Formed to Operate Arrow Steamers on the Pacific—Cranberry Marshes.

The salmon run in the Columbia is improving.

Natural gas in Santa Fe, N. M., is to be utilized.

The Oregon Pacific road is to be extended to Boise City, Idaho.

The horsethieves who raided ranches near Prescott, A. T., have been caught.

Trouble is reported between the cowboys and Navajo Indians on Green river, Utah.

A project for a railroad between Phœnix, A. T., and San Diego is being actively developed.

The Stock-growers Association convention at Ogden wants the arid lands ceded to the States and Territories.

Mr. Huntington has directed the officers of the Southern Pacific Company to name the Santa Monica wharf "Port Los Angeles."

The mining excitement in Josephine county, Or., continues. New finds are reported almost daily, and some of them are very rich in gold.

The Sheriff and deputies at Visalia, who made a failure in their last effort to capture Evans and Sontag, are now busily engaged in explaining how they failed and placing the blame on each other.

Numerically the Stanford University faculty consists of thirty-three professors, seven associate professors, fourteen assistant professors, fifteen instructors, eight assistants and one non-resident lecturer; total, seventy-eight.

Lake county, Or., has two salt marshes—one on Silver Lake and one on Warner Lake—and when the railroad pierces that country the salt industry will be a sure thing, as the salt is equal in strength and purity to Turk's Island salt.

It is estimated that Oregon wool will clip seven pounds to the fleece this year, which will give the State 17,000,000 pounds of wool for sale within the next three months. The increase in sheep this year is estimated at 90 per cent.

Deeds for worthless lands in the Colorado Desert are arriving at San Diego for record from persons in the East who are being victimized by Walter J. Raymond. He calls them citrus fruit lands, and sells them for good prices. They are utterly without value.

There are various cranberry marshes along the coast districts between the southern line of Oregon and the Gulf of St. George. The Nehalem section of the Tillamook coast has long been noted among local residents for its cranberries; and from just north of the Columbia river, in the Shoalwater Bay country, barrels and barrels of the favorite fruit find their way into the markets of the world every season.

The house of T. C. Early & Co., clothing dealers at Boise, Idaho, has failed. The dealings of the house were reported crooked. After establishing credit the house bought goods and reshipped them to other points, where they were sold, and the creditors found too late there were no goods to seize to secure their bills. Early was a leader in prayer-meetings and Sunday-school work.

A young woman stopping in San Diego came from the East to California, fell in love, married, settled down, broke up housekeeping, lost her husband and resumed her maiden name, all within the last month. Her husband during the same time left his situation under a cloud, met and married the girl, changed his name twice and disappeared to parts unknown, and now San Diego says the names of the parties cannot be given to the public.

A farmer named Whitney living near Etiwanda, San Diego county, Cal., was recently bitten by a rattler, and through the prompt application of remedies experienced no apparent ill results. One week afterwards, it is gravely stated, while working in a barn he saw and killed a large rattler. Immediately he was thrown in convulsions, and since then he will throw himself on the floor, crawl along and protrude his tongue. He is under medical care.

A company has been formed under concession of the Arrow Steamship Company to operate Arrow steamers on the Pacific. The Arrow Steamship Company was incorporated under the laws of Arizona last November, with a capital stock of $5,000,000 and the reserved right to increase it to $10,000,000. They propose the establishment of a transportation line from the American Pacific Coast to Japan and China, stopping at Hawaii. Two Arrow steamships of about 450 feet in length, 32 feet beam, and a speed capable of carrying them to Yokohama in less than ten days, will be built by the Arrow Construction Company, probably this summer. These will be followed later by two additional ships of great speed, sufficient to attract the cream of the transpacific passenger trade, the mails and express freight. The style of ships, being unsinkable, unburnable and practically indestructible, combined with luxurious comfort and unparalleled speed, will make them popular on the waters of the Pacific, and the company will prove a strong competitor for the lines which now control the trade between this Coast and Asia.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Secretary Morton has appointed H. H. C. Dunwoody assistant chief of the weather bureau, vice Major Rockwood resigned. Major Dunwoody has been connected with the bureau for many years.

E. P. Baldwin, First Auditor of the Treasury, has issued an order which will prevent favoritism in the examination of accounts. Under the new order each account will be taken up in the order in which it was received and on no account made special, except by order of the head of the department.

Unless unforeseen reason for postponement should occur the International Monetary Conference will reconvene at Brussels May 30. All the Commissioners have tendered their resignations, and but one of them—Henry W. Cannon, President of the Chase National Bank of New York city—has been reappointed. It is understood Senator Jones of Nevada has been requested to withdraw his resignation.

Acting Commissioner of Pensions Murphy has transferred about fifty clerks, who were heretofore employed on "statistical work," but which, so far as he could see, are of no value to the office, to current work in order to facilitate in bringing up the business to date. Murphy is decidedly of the opinion that among the 958,000 pensioners on the rolls of the bureau there are many fraudulent cases, and with a view of purging the list of such as can be reached he has issued an order to the special examiners in the field, directing them to use all diligence in searching out such cases as require the attention of the bureau.

Friends of ex-Representative Blount, now on a special mission to Honolulu, say there are several reasons why he will not be chosen as Minister Stevens' successor. Notwithstanding that his actions have been approved by the administration, the President is not blind to the fact that certain things he has done, notably the hauling down of the flag, have been received in this country with disfavor. The president realizes also that a commissioner appointed to assist in settling a controversy between two parties in a foreign nation can hardly hope to be persona gratia to all factions after the settlement is effected.

Senator Ransom, Chairman of the Commerce Committee, was seen in reference to the committee's Pacific Coast trip. When asked about the probable date of the start from Chicago he said he had an idea that arrangements could be perfected so that the committee would leave June 15. There was no certainty about this, he said, but it was his purpose to get the committee away at the earliest possible moment. It is now stated that the committee will be on the Pacific Coast for fully six weeks, and possibly for a more lengthy period. Senator Ransom says the committee will go direct from Chicago to San Francisco. From there the committee will go to Los Angeles, to investigate whether the proposed deep water harbor should be located at Rodondo Beach or San Pedro. When the investigation for this purpose is completed other river and harbor improvements will be looked into, and then the committee will go north to Oregon and Washingson to investigate the Columbia river improvements and also the proposed scheme to connect Lake Washington to Puget Sound by ship canal.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

World's Fair construction has cost eighteen lives.

World's Fair buildings will need 120,000 incandescent electric lights.

But few English society people will come to the World's Fair until the London season is over in July.

The buildings of the Chicago World's Fair have already cost twice as much as those of the Paris Exposition.

The Prince of Wales is not coming over this year, but his son, the Duke of York, is expected to do so before his marriage.

What is claimed to be the plow used by Daniel Webster on his farm at Marshfield, N. H., will be sent to the World's Fair.

The government exhibit for the World's Fair is not ready, and therefore will not be placed in position at the fair until May 15.

Among the Kansas products to be exhibited at the World's Fair will be some choice specimens of grasshoppers, in the production of which the bleeding State is without a rival among American Commonwealths.

August 9 has been named as the day for a grand gathering of Virginians at the World's Fair. On that day the 274th anniversary of the assembling at Jamestown of the first representative legislative body of Americans will occur.

A model of Nicaragua canal, twenty feet long, is exhibited at the World's Fair. This model is one of the two that were constructed at Washington in 1888. The other was sent to the Paris Exposition and presented to the French department of engineering.

The Executive Committee of the local directory of the World's Fair held a meeting at which resolutions were adopted which practically mean a flat renunciation of Congressional control. The joint committee made a lengthy report on the recent act of Congress instructing the Secretary of the Treasury to withhold enough of the Columbia half dollars to secure the payment of $570,880 for awards, which was amply discussed. The report says the committee would regard it as a direct and inexcusable violation of the pledges and covenants with the bondholders to enter into the formal undertakings which the act of Congress require. The requirement of this act, says the committee, is a violation of the act of August 5, 1892, accepted by the directors.

EASTERN NEWS.

Sheriff's Seizure of a Railroad Train Unjustifiable.

SOUTH DAKOTA'S BIG CROPS.

A Kansas Female Footpad Sent to the Pen—First Grain Fleet Leaves Chicago.

Albany is to have an electric trunk line.

Kansas is filling up this spring with Germans.

"Gum-chewers' lockjaw" has made its appearance.

The new directory of St. Louis contains 191,523 names.

A $2,000,000 postoffice is to adorn the city of Buffalo, N. Y.

Boston is planning to build an elevated railroad to cost $25,000,000.

Nut culture is attracting attention on the Delaware peninsula.

George Gould says the Union Pacific's floating debt is only $4,000,000.

The New York Legislature has dried up the pool rooms in that State.

Missouri crop prospects are most discouraging, owing to heavy losses.

It is said the railroads will ignore the Nebraska maximum freight rate law.

Eastern capitalists are said to be trying to buy the St. Louis street railroads.

The water is very low in the South Pass at the mouth of the Mississippi river.

There are seventy-seven branches of the Theosophical Society in the United States.

The strike on the Union Pacific is at an end. The terms of settlement have not been made public.

Pittsburg capital, controlling 40,000 acres of gas territory, will build great iron mills at Munice, Ind.

Governor Flower of New York will commute the sentence of Carlyle W. Harris, the wife murderer.

The 1,027 electric-light lamps of Chicago are maintained at the expense to that city of $102 each per year.

Louisville will offer $1,000,000 in bonds and a building site, if the State will move its capitol from Frankfort.

The Populist women of Kansas have begun organizing women sufferage clubs. The first was organized at Topeka last week.

The Pennsylvania iron trade expects much trouble during this year in strikes. Manufacturers will attempt to reduce wages.

General Harrison has been invited to make the chief speech at the unveiling of the new soldiers' monument at Athens, O.

Cargoes of horse meat, it is said, are being shipped from New York to Belgium as food for the poor people of that country.

The Goodland Rain-making Company is said to be contracting with farmers in Western Kansas counties at an average of $1,000 per county.

A Kansas woman, who held a man up at a revolver point and went through his pockets, has been sent to the penitentiary for two years.

Governor Nelson of Minnesota has signed the anti-scalper bill, which becomes a law April 18 next. Scalpers say they will contest it.

According to a recent decision it is an offense against the laws of the United States to send a dunning or scurrilous message on a postal card.

Electric roads in Ohio are so numerous that there is a prespect of so many being jammed together as to form a continuous line across the State.

As a result of the immense crops of grain harvested the last two seasons in South Dakota, that State is this spring having the heaviest immigration in ten years.

The first grain fleet of the season has cleared from Chicago with 11,000,000 bushels. Notwithstanding the severe winter, navigation has opened earlier than usual.

The wonderful influence of the sun on earth is shown by the fact that during less than three minutes while the last eclipse was total the temperature fell three degrees.

The receipts from water rates in Chicago during the last fiscal year aggregated $2,569,952, and the operating expenses were only $1,170,098. This leaves a profit of $1,399,854.

Steel caskets for the bodies of those who die suddenly on shipboard are being carried on many of the transatlantic liners. The remains are placed in them and hermetically sealed.

The Supreme Court of the United States has had occasion to declare itself on the question whether singular or plural pronouns ought to be used in speaking of the United States. The Court sustains the constitutional form, "The United States are."

John Railey, a Tennessee farmer in hard luck, has just been made happy by the receipt of $685 from Frank K. Walldran of Reading, Pa., being in full payment with 6 per cent interest for a horse which Walldran, then a soldier, appropriated from Railey's stable in 1864.

In the effort to keep New York's streets clean four hundred red barrels have been placed at the corners of Union Square for passers by to throw their banana skins and papers into. If the experiment prove useful, barrels will be placed at street corners all over the city.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Henrietta Herschfeld, the first woman graduate of the Philadelphia College of Dental Surgery, is assistant court dentist in Germany.

Henry M. Stanley has gone to Africa to suppress the slave trade. If Henry doesn't make a few deals on his own account, he is not the thrifty fellow he used to be.

President Charles F. Thwing says that John L. Woods of Cleveland, who has just died, gave to Western Reserve University during his lifetime about $500,000, and not $250,000 as currently reported.

Gov. McKinley openly proclaims that he would accept the gubernatorial nomination again if his party offered it to him. The Governor still has faith in the tariff, and says the future will vindicate the wisdom of the bill that bears his name.

Mrs. Mary Ellen Lease is more than ever impressed that we are on the verge of a great upheavel both socially and politically. Mrs. Lease is a thorough Socialist, and believes the people's party should commence putting the Socialistic ideas into practice.

Mrs. Rachel Floyd, formerly Miss Holloway of Ohio is one of the most accomplished chemists of the day and took her degree as a doctor of philosophy at the university of Zurich, Switzerland, an honor which only two women have been accorded. Mrs. Lloyd is now professor of chemistry at the University of Nebraska.

Oliver Sumner Teall is a man of medium height, with big, bushy, blonde mustache, a pair of shoulders and biceps that do not invite aggression, and a self-contained manner that befits such a hustler as the candidate for the place of Big Tom Brennan. He never has the blues, never gets excited, is always courteous to everybody, and makes friends easily.

George Sheffield, the "Massachusetts Yankee," as he calls himself, who has a new motor that will take a steamer to London from this side in three days without a pound of fuel, is gently but firmly informed that one John M. Keeley has had one of 'em for the last twenty years, its only drawback being that it will not mote.

Among the items of minor importance connected with court life in Europe it may be mentioned that the Duke of York, the future King of England, has recently joined the ranks of detective camera fiends and amateur photographers, while Prince Albert, the nephew and heir of King Leopold of Belgium, has blossomed forth as a bicyclist.

Captain G. W. Grant of the English army, who is in Washington, speaks thus of our soldiers: "I have seen most of the armies of the great nations on review, and I consider that the American regular troops are a fine body of excellenty drilled and well-officered men; though, of course, the army in this country does not receive the attention bestowed upon the armies of the older nations."

Mme. Camille Collett, the well-known advocate of the emancipation of women in Norway, recently celebrated the eightieth anniversary of her birth. A festival was given in Christiania in honor of the day, and was attended by Ibsen and many other famous writers. Professor Loremy Diedrichsen made the address. Mme. Collett is the author of "The Official's Daughter" and other books. She still enjoys splendid health, despite her great age.

INDUSTRIAL ITEMS.

Georgia's cotton acreage is not increased.

There is not a wagon factory in Mexico.

A new freight car is double the ordinary size.

Machine lace is made to look like hand work.

Sugar cultivation is rapidly increasing in Louisiana.

In 1892 17,295 vessels arrived in New York Harbor.

Women serve as switchmen on the Italian railroads.

Four hundred patents were issued to women last year.

The Southern strawberry crop will be large this season.

Over 4,000 books were published in this country last year.

More than 180,000,000 pins are made weekly in Birmingham, England.

Chair manufacture is a trade in which machinery has not superseded human skill.

It costs thirty-five cents a thousand to manufacture illuminating gas in Boston.

On the Arabian coast the pearl fishery produces annually a sum little short of $1,750,000.

France has three dynamite factories, which produce over 25,000,000 dynamite cartridges a year.

The railroads employ more men than double the number of men required by the general government.

Good farms can be bought in Chautauqua county, N. Y., at prices varying from $10 to $15 per acre.

The hairsprings for watches are made principally by women on account of the delicate handling required.

Electricity is now used for making forgings, augers, ball bearings and other articles hitherto made by hand.

Last year the net profits of the Metropolitan Telephone Company of New York city were about $3,400,000.

According to the Iron Age steel beams for building purposes are at present cheaper than heavy pine beams.

Of all the vast store of wheat that was sent abroad from New York last year not a bushel went in a sailing vessel.

FOREIGN CABLES.

The Pope Trying to Break the Drouth in Italy.

FRANCO-SIAMESE DIFFICULTY.

Ouida's Latest Novel Promises to be Startling—Cape Colony's Export of Gold—Etc.

British India has 10,417 licensed opium shops.

The revolution in Honduras has been suppressed.

Victor Vifquain has been appointed Consul-General at Panama.

It is estimated that 70,000,000 of people in Europe wear wooden shoes.

The latest record-breaking time between Bombay and London is thirteen days.

Owing to the drought in Southern Russia, the crops have suffered great damage.

Grasshoppers in China are so numerous that soldiers have been ordered out to fight them.

A Tokio paper says 300 young Japanese women are to be shipped to Chicago for immoral purposes.

It is reported that a seam of coal has been struck at a depth of 200 feet at Newport, near Melbourne.

The Reichstag has passed by a large majority the bill providing for the more careful preservation of military secrets.

Count Herbert Bismarck is about to reappear in public life. He has become a candidate for a seat in the Prussian Diet.

Cape Colony's export of gold during March amounted in value to £430,000, as against $334,000 in the same month last year.

The Pope has ordered that prayers for rain be offered by Catholics throughout Italy. Rain has not fallen for two months.

The province of Quebec is endeavoring to float a new loan in Europe in order to pay off the Mercier $4,000,000 loan, maturing in July.

The Russian government confesses that in the first two weeks of April there were 359 deaths from cholera in one province alone.

Nearly 500 women are employed as station agents in France, but they get only half as much pay as men in the same positions.

The famous clock said to have been made by Louis XVI. was recently purchased by a member of the Rothschild family for $168,000.

Germany's wine crop of 1892 was little more than half the average production of the previous ten years, although the quality is excellent.

Sanction has been recently granted for the construction of a railway between Tachikawa and Ome, Japan, to be known as the Ome railway.

In the relief of paupers £2,191,172 was spent by local government relief boards in England and Wales during the last half of last year.

Queen Victoria abandoned her projected visit from Florence to Venice on account of the alarming reports as to the prevalence of cholera.

The Prussian Landtag has approved Finance Minister Miquel's proposal for a property tax, the most contentious part of his financial reform bill.

Sir Andrew Barclay Walker, who made a fortune of $14,000,000 as a brewer and spirit merchant and in coal mines, left $50,000 of it to Liverpool hospitals.

The total stock of wheat at twenty-eight cities in continental Europe decreased 3,403,000 bushels in March. Stocks on April 1 were 17,875,000 bushels.

The increase of population in the whole of Australasia during 1892 is estimated by the government statist at 85,000, of which only 6,700 was due to emigration.

The Jews of Bulgaria gave to the bride of Prince Ferdinand an album inlaid with diamonds, rubies and emeralds, which cost $50,000. The Pope sent a diamond ring.

The latest crop report of the Hungarian Agricultural Minister says frosts and north winds have done much damage to wheat, and a considerable area of rye has been killed.

Ouida's latest novel promises to be startling even for her. Mr. Gladstone will figure as a villain in the plot, and she promises to make him as black as any she has ever painted.

The official estimate of the condition of the French wheat crop on April shows the area to be about the same as last year. Twenty-eight departments report the condition very good, fifty good, seven satisfactory and two medium.

The Empress of Austria is to visit Vienna again after years of wandering about the world. She is extravagantly fond of flowers, and the florists of her loyal city are forcing their roses and orchids in order to meet her unexampled demands.

The business of colonizing Africa with white people goes on apace. An expedition left England some two weeks ago for Mozambique as advance party of settlers who are to colonize some 300 square miles of territory between the rivers Zambesi and Sabi.

The people of Grantstown, Bahama, became so incensed at the brutality of the constabulary that they burned the guardroom, beat the constabulary and stoned Captain Learmouth. A Constable had his brains beaten in in the center of the city of Nassau.

SEATTLE MARKET.

The following quotations are the prices paid to farmers and producers by Seattle business houses for articles named, the goods to be delivered in Seattle:

HOPS—Choice, 15c per lb; medium, 8@11c.

HAY—In carload lots: Puget Sound, $9@11 per ton.

GRAIN—In carload lots: Oats, choice, $27@28 per ton; barley, $20; wheat, chicken feed, $22@24; corn, $24.50; cracked, $25.50.

POTATOES—Choice, $30@33 per ton.

CARROTS—$12 per ton.

BUTTER AND EGGS—Choice ranch butter, 15@20c; fresh ranch eggs, 21c.

POULTRY—Spring chickens, $4@5 per doz; hens, $5.50@6.00; ducks, $5@7; turkeys, 15c per lb.

LIVE STOCK—Choice beef cattle, 3½@4½c; cows, 3@3½c; choice sheep, 4¼@4½c; good hogs, 7½@8c; calves, large, 4c; small, 6c per lb.

HIDES, PELTS AND TALLOW—Heavy salted steers, over 58 lbs, 6@6½c per lb; medium, 4½@5c; light, under 46 lbs, 3c; salted kip, 3@4c, and calf, 4@5c; green hides 1c less than salted; dry hides, 8c; dry elk, 10@16c; dry deer skins, summer, 28@35c; winter, 18@25c; sheep skins, 60@75c; full wool, $1@1.40; wool, 15@16c; tallow, 3½@4c.

LOGS—Fir, superior quality, $4.50@6.60 per M; choice cedar, $7.50; common, $4.

Jobbing Quotations.

The following are the prices paid by retail dealers for round lots delivered at the wharf or on the cars, or the jobbing rates quoted by wholesale dealers:

STAPLE GROCERIES.

SUGAR—Golden C in bbl, 5c per lb; D in bbls or sacks, 4¾c; extra C in bbl, 5¼c; dry granulated in bbl, 6c. In kegs each of the above at ¼c advance on prices quoted.

FLOUR, ETC.—Washington, $3.50 per bbl; choice, $3.85; California brands, $4.15; buckwheat flour, $7.00; per cwt, $3.75; graham, $3.25 per bbl; 10-lb sacks, $2.00 per cwt; rye flour, $4.50 per bbl; 10-lb sacks, $2.75 per cwt; rye meal, $4.25 per bbl, per cwt, $2.50; oat groats, $6.00@6.40 per bbl; hominy, $2.75 per cwt; cracked wheat, $2.75; rolled wheat, $5.00@5.50 per bbl; whole wheat flour, $2.75 per cwt; pearl barley, 4½c per lb; split peas, 5½c; table cornmeal, yellow, $2.00 per cwt in 10-lb sacks; 50s, $1.90; white, 10s, $2.10; 50s, $2.00.

BEANS—Small white, 3½@3¾ per lb; pink, 3½@4c; bayos, 3¾@4c; butter, 5¾c; lima, 5c.

RICE—Japan, $5@5.75; Carolina, $4.50@5.50; China, $4.75 per cwt.

SALT—Liverpool, 50-lb sacks, $22.50 per ton; American dairy, 50-lb sacks, $19; Coast, half-ground, 100-lb sacks, $13; 50-lb sacks, $14; Diamond Crystal, 24 3-lb cartons, case, $3; 3-lb sacks, 77 in bale, $3; 5-lb sacks, 50 in bale, $4; 10-lb sacks, 28 in bale, $3.

LARD — Home rendered, Sinclair, tierces, 14½c per lb; Queen leaf, tierces, 13c; compound, tierces, 10c.

COFFEE—Green—Mocha, 29½c per lb; Java, 29½c; Costa Rica, choice, 24½c; Rio, 23½c. Roasted—Arbuckle's, in 100-lb cases, $23.35; 60-lb cases, $23.45; 36-lb cases, $23.55; Java, 50-lb tin cans, 34½ per lb; 50 and 100-lb sacks, 33½c; Java, 50-lb tins, 34c; Aden Mocha, 35½c; peaberry blend, 35c; Guatemala, 25½c; ground coffee, 20@24½c; Mokaska, 100-lb cases, $25.35.

CANNED GOODS.

CANNED VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, 2½-lb cans, $1.20 per doz; gallons, $3.75; Blair corn, new, $1.60; Silver Shield, $1.50; sugar peas, California, $1.25@1.50; string beans, $1.25; lima beans, $1.25; Boston baked, $2.25; mushrooms, $2.25@3.50; French peas, $2.25@3.50.

CANNED FRUITS—Table—Assorted, $2 per doz; apricots, $2.10@2.50; blackberries, $2.50; Bartlett pears, $2.35; white cherries, $2.50; black cherries, $2.25; peaches, California, $2.15@3.50; strawberries, $2.60; currants, $2.25; grapes, $2.00; plums, $2.00; gooseberries, $2.50; raspberries, $2.75; pineapple (Johnson's), $3@3.50. Pie—Assorted in gallon cans, $3.50@4.00; 2½-lb tins, $1.30@1.50; peaches, $1.60; apricots, $1.35; blackberries in 2-lb tins, $1.75; currants, gallon tins, $4.75; plums, $3.50; 2½-lb tins, $2.25; apples, $1.25; gallons, $3.50; grapes, 2½-lb tins, $1.25.

MEAT AND PROVISIONS.

FRESH MEATS—Choice dressed beef, 8c per lb; mutton, 9½c; pork, 11c; veal, 8@11c.

PROVISIONS—Queen hams, large, 17c; Queen hams, small, 17¼c; Queen breakfast bacon, 16c; dry salt sides, 12½c per lb.

BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS AND POULTRY.

BUTTER — Best Eastern creamery, strictly fresh, 60-lb tubs, 30c per lb; choice dairy, 17@20c; fresh California roll, 19@23c; pickle roll, 20c; fresh Eastern, 2-lb prints, 32c.

CHEESE—Eastern, 14c per lb; fresh California, 12@13c; Limburger, 18c; Swiss, 20c; Holland, $12.00 per doz.

EGGS—Fresh ranch, 23@24c per doz.

POULTRY—Chickens, $4.50@5.50 per doz; hens, $6.50@7.50, or 16@17c per lb; Eastern cold storage stock, 17c; geese, 20c; ducks, 20c; turkeys, 20c.

VEGETABLES AND FRUIT.

POTATOES — Choice, $35@40 per ton; seed, $40@45.

VEGETABLES—Cabbages, 1¾@2c per lb; onions, 2c; parsnips $1.00@1.25 per sack; turnips and beets, 75c@$1; white turnips and carrots, 50@75c; cauliflower, $1.15@1.25 per doz.

GREEN FRUITS — Lemons, California, $3.50@4.50; Sicily, $5.00; limes, $1 per 100 or $7 per case; bananas, $2@3.25 per bunch; apples, $1.50@2.00 per box; New York Baldwins, $7.00 per bbl; navel oranges, $3@3.50 per case; seedlings, $2@$2.50 per box.

DRIED FRUITS—Apricots, bleached, 18c per lb; figs, California, 7c; Smyrna, 20c; peaches, evaporated, 17c; plums, pitted, 15c; apples, bleached, 13c; prunes, Washington, 15@18c; prunes, California, 15@16c; raisins, L. L., $2.40@2.75 per box; L. M., $1.75@2.00; seedless Sultanas, $2.50.

THE BEACON.

A Peoples' Party Newspaper.

G. K. ESTES ..... Editor.

Published every Friday and entered in the Postoffice at Port Angeles, Wash., for transmission through the mail as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year	$1.50
Six Months	.75
Single Copies	5 Cents

FRIDAY, MAY 5, 1893.

WHAT WE WANT.

Free coinage of silver; a graduated income tax; Government ownership of telegraph lines; Government superisvion of railways; postal savings banks; election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people; no Government subsidies to private corporations; economical administration of public affairs.

Anyone can obtain free silver literature by addressing The Pan-American Bi-Metallic Association, Denver, Colo., and enclosing postage for same.

OUR subscribers will remember that we do not have tide land notices every month in the year and will pardon us if we do not have our usual amount of news space the next two or three weeks.

THE Republicans and Democrats fused in the recent Everett city election against the Peoples' Party with the result that the fusion candidate for mayor was elected by only three majority and the Populist candidate for marshal was elected. All of the rest of the fusion ticket was elected by small majorities. The Republican party will be swallowed by the Democratic inside of four years.

The Ogden trans-Mississippi convention passed the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we demand that the congress of the United States immediately re-open the mints of our country to the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold on equal terms at the present ratio of sixteen to one, and that the government use coins of both metals without discrimination.

Resolved, That we are unalterably opposed to the repeal of what is known as the Sherman silver purchasing act until it is replaced with a law providing for such free and unlimited coinage.

The vote was 230 for and 40 against the resolution. Those who opposed it were nearly all from Missouri and California.

Commissioners Proceedings.

The commissioners met Tuesday morning. Commissioners O'Brien, Knapman and Lamb were present.

The petition of Silas N. Greenleaf and wife to have the Queen Ann addition to Port Angeles vacated, was granted, it being shown no lots had been sold since the land was platted and that it was more valuable as farm lands than as a townsite. This addition is four miles from town and was platted by B. F. Schwartz when he was at the height of his power.

The Pine Grove addition to Port Crescent was vacated also upon the petition of Jno. W. Everett.

The report of John Westbrook, supervisor of road district No. 20 was accepted and bills amounting to $44 allowed for work on road and bridge work by various men.

A new road district was organized out of the south half of townships 30 in ranges 9 and 10 and all of townships 29 in ranges 9 and 10, and named road district No. 44. Ernest Boerig was appointed supervisor.

The petition praying for appropriation of $1,000 to be used on the Port Angeles and Quillayute road between Lake Crescent and the line between ranges 10 and 11 was not granted.

The petition of I. E. Franklin and others for a county road commencing at the terminus of the Pysht and Solduck road to extend six miles in a southerly direction across the river to the Colower and down the west bank of that river to the east line of section 16 in T. 29, R. 12, was granted. John Iverson, Wm. Hopkins and C. A. Gorder were appointed viewers.

The petition of L. H. Sawyer and others to change the line of the Port Angeles and Quillayute road was granted.

The county surveyor was directed to examine the location of a proposed bridge across the Solduck river on the Solduck road.

At Wednesday's meeting the supervisor of district No. 12 was directed to remove obstructions from the Frank P. Fisher road between the Burlingame road and the south line of the district, the cost not to exceed $200.

The Little river road was directed to be cleared of obstructions.

H. J. Lipsett's report of road district No. 11 was approved, as also that of John Wilcox, supervisor of road district No. 2, and Frank Lotzgesell, of district No. 4.

J. H. Holden was appointed justice of the peace for Dungeness precinct.

The petition of J. W. White for the establishment of the Big River road from the end of the Hoko road to Gilmore's landing on Ozette lake was granted.

The board ordered that a hydrant be placed at the corner of First and Lincoln streets.

Liquor licenses were granted to J. D. Thaggard, of Clallam Bay, and F. J. Ward, of Dungeness.

The bids for county printing were opened with the following result: Clallam Bay Record, 30 cents per inch; The People, 50 cents per square; Port Crescent Leader, 20 cents per square; the BEACON, 44 cents per square; Democrat-Leader, 20 cents per square, and Tribune-Times, 10 cents per square. The Tribune-Times was awarded the printing. The Tribune-Times has received 98 cents per square heretofore. So much for competition.

Dungeness Department.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Doom went up sound Wednesday.

Large flocks of crane and wild geese are coming in the fields and flats.

Quite a number went to Sequim Monday evening to attend the ball.

Mrs. Robertson and daughter came down from Jefferson county Thursday.

There will be a meeting in the hall Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock for the purpose of making arrangements to celebrate the 4th of July.

S. Poot left for up sound Wednesday, for a few days. Don't know what his business is. May be it is the same old story. He has his house almost finished.

The road leading from the bridge at Abernethy's place is in a frightful condition, almost impossible to get through witha light buggy. Itshould be repaired at once.

The Farmers Mercantile company have a fine stock of ladies and misses trimmed and untrimmed hats very cheap. See them before you make purchases in that line.

Wm. Wright has purchased 240 acres of land from the Port Discovery Mill company and will open it up for cultivation. We are glad to see men come in. We want actual settlers.

The entertainment and lecture at the M. E. Church was well attended and netted the church some $13.50. Rev. J. M. Baxter, of Port Angeles, delivered an illustrated lecture which was well received by all.

A large whale was seen going in Sequim Bay Wednesday evening. It passed within six or eight feet of the dock at Washington Harbor giving a splendid view of his immense size which was estimated at about 50 feet.

Are we going to celebrate 4th of July? If so we better begin arrangements and not put off until the last thing. We have everything in favor to have a good time—a good race track, a fine grove for a picnic, convenient to the water for boat racing, brass band, large hall, good base-ball grounds and for other sports of that kind all within two blocks of Main street. All that is wanted is the citizens to take hold and work togather.

In The Quillayute Country.

The new fence around the cemetery is a great improvement.

S. O. Rue and Mr. Berg have gone out for the summer's work.

Mr. Collins is starting a fine orchard. He carried the trees in from Clallam Bay.

Mr. Sands, of Clallam Bay,, with three of his sons, are doing what they can to open up the lake country.

The Dickey country, north of here, is settling up quite fast. There is a large body of fine cedar timber along the banks of the Dickey river and lake. Mr. Albright has the best clearing on the river. His spring planting is about done. He will take a trip to Angeles soon.

The debate at the literary society last night on the question, "Resolved, That the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands would be a benefit to the United States," was decided in the affirmative. The question was well sustained, and many good points were scored by both sides.

Forks Neighborhood.

Farmers are busy plowing.

Eli Peterson went to Lapush last week.

BORN—To the wife of W. D. Hodges, a girl.

L. M. Ford went to Bogochiel last Friday on business.

Mr. Smith, living on the Hoh river was on the prairie last week.

C. G. Whitney has gone to Gettysburg to teach a four month's term of school.

S. M. Davis killed a deer last week while it was crossing the river near his house.

Rev. Mr. Rule, of the Methodist church, held religious services at the school house Thursday evening. He will organize a Sunday school here in a short time.

Commissioners Lamb and E. A. Fitz-Henry was here to inspect the new bridge across the Solduck. They report it not quite finished according to specifications.

Port Crescent Items.

Robert Glawson is now able to be around again after a spell of sickness.

W. W. Dedman and Horace White were down from Angeles Friday.

We will send the BEACON and the Seattle Weekly Telegraph, one year for $2.

Messrs. Samuel R. Snecal and Fred Albright made a trip to Angeles Saturday, returning the following day.

Supervisor J. H. Albright has begun work on the new county road near the Skavdall ranch, with a force of six men.

Elmer Fisher, the supervisor of the road between the Burlingame road and Lake Crescent, did not begin work on the road last week as expected. There has been $1,200 appropriated for the completion of the road.

The report of the Happy Valley school, closed May 5: Whole number enrolled 17. The general average for each pupil was as follows: Millie Petit, 96; Ettie Priest, 65; Lena Knapman, 82; Ella Knapman, 90; Emma Knapman, 92; Malvina Priest, 92; James Govan, 90; Hugh Priest, 83; Joseph Priest, 78; George Priest, 83; Johnie Laurenson, 96.

GRACE M. WARE, Teacher.

In the Superior Court.

NEW CASES

Walter Tillman vs Burt Tillman. In partition.

Herman Culver vs Clallam county. Road petition.

M. D. Gleason vs C. C. Bowman. For injunction.

Frank Meerwalt, D. W. Morse and C. W. Thompson vs Augusta Froelich. Forcible detainers.

No. 749.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that Stella Bradshaw has filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Washington, to wit:

Beginning at the NW corner of Railroad Avenue and I streets as shown on official plat of tide lands at Port Angeles, of record with the auditor of the county of Clallam; thence N. 31 deg. 15 min. E. 215 feet to the inner harbor line N. 24 deg. 55 min. W. 220 feet along said harbor line; thence S. 55 deg. 28 min. W. 193 feet to Railroad Avenue; thence S 26 deg. 37 min. E 310 feet along said Railroad Avenue to place of beginning, containing 1 1-100 acres, more or less, and being Section A, Block 16.

Also: the following tract; beginning at the SW corner of Section A, Block 16 above described, thence N 58 deg. 28 min. S 193 feet to inner harbor line N 24 deg. 55 min. W 77 feet along said harbor line N 112 feet along said harbor line S 31 deg. 15 min. W 292 feet to Railroad Avenue S 26 deg 37 min. E 41 60-100 feet along said Railroad Avenue to place of beginning, containing 41-100 acres, more or less, and being Section B Block 16.

Also; the following tract; beginning at the SW corner of Lot 6 Section B Block 16 above described; thence N 31 deg. 15 min. E 292 feet to inner harbor line N 97 feet along said harbor line S 31 deg. 15 min. W 342 feet to Railroad Avenue S 26 deg. 37 min. E 59 feet along said Railroad Avenue to place of beginning, containing 31-100 acres, more or less, and being Lot 7 Section B Block 16.

Also: the following tract; beginning at the SW corner of Lot 7 sec. B Block 16 above described; thence N 31 deg. 15 min. E 342 feet to the inner harbor line; thence N 45 feet along said harbor line; thence W 30 feet along lagoon waterway; thence S 31 deg. 15 min. E 334 feet to Railroad Avenue; thence S 26 deg. 37 min. E 59 feet along Railroad Avenue to place of beginning, containing 32-100 acres, more or less, and being Lot 8 Section B Block 16.

Also: the following tract; beginning at the SW corner of Lot 8 above described; thence N 31 deg. 15 min. E 334 feet to lagoon waterway; thence W 56 feet along lagoon waterway, thence 31 deg. 15 min. W 272 feet to Railroad Avenue; thence S 26 deg. 37 min. E 59 feet along Railroad Avenue, to place of beginning, containing 30-100 acres, more or less, and being Lot 9 Section B Block 16.

Also: the following tract; beginning at the SW corner of Lot 9 above described; thence N 31 deg. 15 min. E 272 feet to legoon waterway; thence W 56 feet along lagoon waterway; thence S 31 deg. 15 min. W 210 feet to Railroad Avenue; thence S 26 deg. 37 min. E 59 feet along Railroad Avenue to beginning, containing 26-100 acres, and being Lot 10 Section B Block 16, and all of the above description being all of Block sixteen.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication 5th day of May 1893.

W. T. FORREST
Commissioner of public lands.

Louis Williams, attorney for applicant.

No. 748.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that C. A. Lundy & Co. have filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Washington, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the north line of Front street three-hundred 300 feet in a westerly direction from the intersection of the north line of said Front street with the west line of Valley street in the city of Port Angeles in said county, said point being the southwest corner of Lot number six 6 in Block number four 4 of the plat of tide and shore lands in front of said city; thence north fifty-eight 58 degrees and forty-five 45 minutes west fifty 50 feet; thence north thirty-one 31 degrees and fifteen 15 minutes east one-hundred and fifty 150 feet; thence south fifty-eight 58 degrees and forty-five 45 minutes east, fifty 50 feet; thence south thirty-one 31 degrees and fifteen 15 minutes west one-hundred and fifty 150 feet to the point of beginning, containing 17-100 acres, more or less, and being designated upon said plat of tide and shore lands as Lot number seven 7 in Block number four 4 west of Laurel street in said city.

Also: the following described lands: beginning at a point on the north line of Front street three hundred and fifty 350 feet in a westerly direction from the intersection of the north line of said Front street with the west line of Valley street in the city of Port Angeles in said county, said point being the southwest corner of Lot number seven 7 in Block number four 4 of the plat of tide and shore lands in front of said city; thence north fifty-eight 58 degrees and forty-five 45 minutes west fifty 50 feet; thence north thirty-one 31 degrees and fifteen 15 minutes east one-hundred and fifty feet; thence south fifty-eight 58 degrees and forty-five 45 minutes east, fifty 50 feet; thence south thirty-one 31 degrees and fifteen 15 minutes west, one-hundred and fifty 150 feet to the point of beginning, containing 17-100 acres, more or less, and being designated upon said plat of tide and shore lands as Lot number eight in Block number four 4 west of Laurel street in said city.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication 5th day of May 1892.

W. T. FORREST
Commissioner of public lands.

No. 737.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that William McLennan and Mary Ann Mackay have filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Washington, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the north line of Front street fifty 50 feet in a westerly direction from the intersection of the north line of said Front street with the west line of Laurel street in the city of Port Angeles in said county, said point being the southwest corner of Lot number one 1 in Block number one 1 of the plat of tide and shore lands in front of said city; thence north fifty-eight 58 degrees and forty-five 45 minutes west twenty-five 25 feet; thence north thirty-one 31 degrees and fifteen 15 minutes east three hundred and seventy 370 feet; thence south fifty-eight 58 degrees and forty-five 45 minutes east twenty-five 25 feet; thence south thirty-one 31 degrees and fifteen 15 minutes west three hundred and seventy 370 feet to the point of beginning, said tract of land being the easterly half of Lot number two 2 in Block number one 1 of said plat of tide and shore lands and extending north to the outer harbor line on said plat.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication 5th day of May 1892.

W. T. FORREST
Commissioner of public lands.

No. 711.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS. OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that Geo. Sherman has filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Washington, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the east line of Oak street in the city of Port Angeles in said county and state, 210 feet northerly of the southwest corner of Block 1, west of Laurel street, as shown by the plats of tide land survey in front of said city of Port Angeles, said plats being on file in the office of the auditor of said Clallam county; thence northerly along the east line of said Oak street 100 feet; thence easterly at right angles with Oak street 50 feet; thence southerly parallel with said easterly line of Oak street and 50 feet distant therefrom 100 feet; thence westerly at right angles 50 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication April 28, 1893.

W. T. FORREST
Commissioner of public lands.

Allen Weir, attorney for applicant.

No. 735.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that William Bell has filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Washington, to wit:

Beginning at the SW corner of lot No. 2; thence N. 31 deg. 15 min. E. 300 feet; thence N. 58 deg. 45 min. W. 50 feet; thence S. 31 deg. 15 min. W. 300 feet; thence S. 58 deg. 45 min. E. 50 feet, to place of beginning, containing 34-100 acres, more or less, and being Lot No. 3 in Block No. 1, situated between Laurel and Lincoln streets in Port Angeles.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication, 5th day of May, 1893.

W. T. FORREST
Commissioner of public lands.

Miss H. C. DRAPER,
Millinery
—and—
Fancy Goods.
Front Street. PORT ANGELES.

R. C. WILSON.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
PORT ANGELES, WASH.

G. K. ESTES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
PORT ANGELES, WASH.

BENTON EMBREE.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
PORT ANGELES, WASH.
Office in Opera House Block.

C. E. GAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
PORT ANGELES, WASH.
Office with Geo. C. Hatch.

LOUIS WILLIAMS.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
AND NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office on Front Street.

W. T. STROTHER, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Free Consultation and Prescriptions on Fridays to poor people.
Night calls answered at office.
OFFICE:—OPERA HOUSE BUILDING.

HART, NICHOLLS & McKENNEY.
Contractors and Builders.
Plans and Specifications furnished and Estimates given.
DUNGENESS, - - - - - WASH.

MONA'S SALOON,
—T. MONA, Proprietor.—
THE BEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
-:-Pool and Billiard Tables-:-
PORT ANGELES, WASH.

OLD CROW SALOON.
M. GERAGHTY, PROP.
Lillis Cuban Blossom Cigar-:-
-:-Kentucky Whiskey.

THE OAK SALOON
—A. MONA, Proprietor.—
THE FINEST WINES AND LIQUORS.
-:-Family Trade a Speciality-:-
Port Angeles, - - Wash.

The Angeles Restaurant
—AND—
OYSTER HOUSE.
Front Street, near Oak.
Fresh Eastern and Olympia Oysters Always on Hand.
PORT ANGELES, - - - WASH.

M. E. SAVAGE,
CITY HORSE-SHOER.
Interfering and contracted horses a specialty.
Toe weights, side weights, and bar shoes made to order. All work guaranteed.
Morse's Wharf - - - PORT ANGELES.

MERCHANTS BANK
OF PORT TOWNSEND, WASH.
Capital and Surplus - - - - $100,000
President . . . . WM. M. LADD
Vice President . . . N. C. STRONG
Cashier . . . . . C. F. SEAL
Transacts a General Banking Business. Interest allowed on time deposits; collections made at all points on favorable terms; sells exchange on London, Paris, Berlin and all principal cities of Europe. Correspond with Ladd & Tilton, Portland, Or.; Dexter, Horton & Co., Seattle; Bank of California, San Francisco; Nat. Park Bank, N. Y. City.
Farmers, merchants and the public generally are invited to transact their business with us.

PORT ANGELES
UNDERTAKING PARLORS
W. H. BROWN, Proprietor.
UNDERTAKER and FUNERAL DIRECTOR
EVERYTHING required for first-class funerals on short notice and at moderate prices. Embalming for shipment a specialty. No extra charge for tending funerals in the neighboring towns.
Parlors open day and night.
Cor. Front and Oak Streets
PORT ANGELES.

SELLING OUT!
$5,000 - - - $5,000
-: Stock of Clothing :-
This Stock of Clothingand Furnishing Goods must be sold within 30 Days without fail. Going Below Cost at
THE U. S. CLOTHING HOUSE,
Clark Building. Port Angeles

C. E. Bell & Co.
Hardware, Groceries, Stoves, Tinware
Buggies, Wagons and all kinds of Implements.
All Kinds of Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, etc.
Call and see Our Prices before going Elsewhere.
Correspondence Solicited.
C. E. BELL & CO.
Front Street. PORT ANGELES.

Farmers' Mercantile Company,
—DEALERS IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
of Every Description.
Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour and Feed, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hardware and Machinery, of all kinds.
We are agents for Mitchell and Lewis Staver Co. for Clallam county and will keep constantly on hand
CHAMPION MOWERS & REAPERS
THE MITCHELL WAGON
All Kinds of Hay Tools.
We pay the highest prices for produce of all kinds, and are headquarters for
FRESH MEAT, BUTTER AND FRESH EGGS.
We will not be undersold, and if you have cash to spend we can give you bargains.
Dungeness, - - - - - - Wash

-:-Try our Fresh and Salt Water Baths!-:-
They strengthen and invigorate the system and are far superior to any medicine.
PRIVATE ROOMS FOR FAMILIES AND LADIES.
Single baths 25 cents. Five baths for $1.00.
Coffee and Lunch House in connection. Good boats always on hand to hire.
S. L. MYERS, Proprietor,
West Front Street. PORT ANGELES.

Port Angeles Traffic and Transfer Company.
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
STABLE ON MORSE'S WHARF.
General Teaming of all Descriptions.
Agents for StudebakerWagons. PORT ANGELES

PAUL NIPOU,
—DEALER IN—
Fresh Fruits
—o—and—o—
Confectionery.
Choicest Brands of Cigars in the Market.
Front St. PORT ANGELES.

THE ALICE HOUSE.
M. V. ALBRIGHT, Prop.
Neatly Furnished Rooms at from 25 to 50 Cents per night.
—Front St., Between Oak and Cherry—
PORT ANGELES - - - - - WASH.

THE BEACON.

FRIDAY, MAY 5, 1893.

Weekly Metorological Report.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTUE,
WEATHER BUREAU.
PORT ANGELES, WASH., May 5, 1893.

DAY.	Date—May.....	TEMPERATURE. Highest...	TEMPERATURE. Lowest...	WIND. Prevailing Direction	WIND. Force.....	Precipitation...	State of weather
Thursday..	27	49	42	Var	Fresh	.00	Cl'dy
Friday.....	28	51	44	W	"	.00	PtCldy
Saturday...	29	49	44	Var	"	.00	Cl'dy
Sunday.....	30	50	40	W	"	.02	Cl'dy
Monday....	1	52	43	Var	Light	.04	Pt Cldy
Tuesday....	2	49	42	"	Light	T	Cl'dy
Wednesday	3	50	40	Var	Fresh	.00	"

Highest wind and direction for the week, 16 miles. West.

Average rainfall since January 1, 13.09 inch's, for 9 years.

Total amount of rainfall since Jan. 1, 16.32 in

Total excess since Jan. 1, 3.23 in.

WM. BELL, Observer.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Mrs. W. D. Parker is very ill.

W. E. Burnside was in Dungeness Saturday.

C. A. Barnes came down from Seattle Monday.

F. T. Balch, of Boston, was in the city Tuesday.

Miss Draper returned from Dungeness Thursday.

R. C. Wilson was in Port Townsend this week.

Frank Chambers, Sr. has been sick with la grip.

Hon. Allen Weir returned from Olympia Saturday.

H. F. Buckner, of Washington Harbor, was here Tuesday.

H. E. McAlmond, of Port Williams, was here Saturday.

John Dyke returned, Thursday, from a quick trip to Seattle.

John Everett, of Freshwater Bay, came up Tuesday morning.

The Gate City band will occupy Martin's hall this summer.

Miss Maud Carver, of Victoria, is visiting Mrs. C. E. Mallette.

J. N. Griffith, of Dungeness, was down from that burg this week.

M. J. Clump is so as to be around again after a few days illness.

J. T. Forrest, the post master at Forrest, was in Angeles Tuesday.

Joseph Steiner, of Port Townsend, was here on business, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Downie, of Dungeness, were in town Tuesday.

The report of the reserve appraisers will be sent to Washington to-day.

G. V. Smith and W. L. Ketchum are going to San Francisco next week.

Harry Lutz, editor of the Port Crescent Leader, was in Angeles over Sunday.

Miss Daisy Stewart's residence on Second street is receiving a new coat of paint.

H. J. Lipsett came down from Dungeness Saturday to attend the minstrels.

N. R. Smith and C. E. Mallette returned from up sound points Saturday.

E. M. Bohall, the editor of "The People," has been quite sick for a number of days.

R. A. Davis. one of the leading merchants of Dungeness, was on our streets Tuesday.

J. T. Lewis, of Port Townsend, is thinking of going into the grocery business at this place.

F. Wagner went to Blyn Wednesday. He will teach the next term of school at that place.

Geo. Meagher, Jr. is going to take in the world's fair. He leaves for Chicago next week.

Miss May Rockman is having substantial improvements made upon her lots on the reserve.

Mrs. Radford bought the Globe restaurant of Mrs. Gibson last week and is now in charge.

Dr. G. W. Vale and D. G. Dick have opened a real estate office in Louis Williams building.

Walter Stevens, living on Lincoln Heights, suffered a stroke of paralysis Tuesday night.

J. M. Martin is having a steam launch built at the Colony ship yards, for picnic and excursions.

Jas. Lawrence, Chester Briery and Jas. Morrissey, of Twin, were here the first of the week.

Mr. Charles E. Hartman, of the firm of Hartman & Randall, came down from Olympia Tuesday.

Robert Shields was in Seattle Saturday in the interests of the Puget Sound Co-operative colony.

Messrs Lambert & Allen will go to Beaver Monday to build a bridge across the river near there.

Fred Albright, who is teaching the Port Crescent school, was visiting friends here Saturday amd Sunday.

C. P. Rollins, Fred Ward and John Alexander, of Dungeness, had business at the county seat Wednesday.

Mr. F. C. Falls, of Oxford Nova Scotia, came in on the Monticello Sunday. He is a brother-in-law of J. O. Morse.

Mr. A. A. Richardson, our county clerk, and Mrs. Sarah M. Gibson, of this city, were married in Victoria Monday.

Allen Weir and N. R. Smith are in the Quillayute country in the interest of the Port Angeles & Quillayute railroad.

H. N. Shelpman is having a dwelling house erected on his lot on Second street between Lincoln and Laurel.

W. H. Van Lehn returned yesterday from Tacoma where he had been attending the Christian Endeavor convention.

S. O. Rue, of Quillayute, was in the city Sunday on his way to his old home in the East, where he will visit a number of months.

Abe Greenberg, of New Whatcom, and J. Greenberg, of New York, brothers of Harry, of the U. S. Clothing House, came in Tuesday.

Louis Williams has been making improvements and additions to his office and now has one that is excelled by few in the city.

Mr. H. C. Richert, wife and child are visiting Mrs. Geo. Snyder, of this city. Mr. Richert recently arrived from Dayton, Ohio.

Misses Grace and Elsie Ware came down from Sequim to-day. Miss Grace has just finished teaching a term of school at Happy Valley.

Mrs. James Hooker, who has been quite sick for some time is much improved and as soon as she able will return to home at Rena.

The commissioner of public lands at Olympia will not receive applications to purchase Port Angeles tide lands, under preference rights, after May 23.

The U. S. Clothing House is having the store newly papered and the front painted and will put in shelving and counters and make other improvements.

The schooner recently built at the Colony ship yards has been sold for $5,000 to Capt. Benjamin, of Seattle, who will put machinery in her for a wrecking boat.

The Pacific Coast Steamship company's steamship City of Puebla will call here regularly every two weeks in the future, on her way between San Francisco and Sound points.

The Gate City band will give an open air concert on Front street Saturday evening at 7:30. If sufficient money is contributed to pay the current expenses of the band concerts will be given every week during the summer.

A crowded house greeted the public school children at the opera house last Friday evening, the occasion being the closing exercises of the grammer and high schools of Port Angeles. The program was exceptionally good.

Louis Williams is having a fine dwelling house erected on his ranch six miles from town. It is of logs, all from his own land, but because of the labor expended in dressing the timber it will be rather expensive but will be a model in its way.

The spring term of the superior court will be in session Tuesday. May 16. An unusually large number of cases will be tried, the most important, considering the amount involved, is the Baxter vs. Pullen case. About fifty witnesses will be called to testify in the case.

The weather report for the month of April at Port Angeles shows that the mean temperature was 42.8; the highest 58 on the 26th and the lowest 30 on the 17th. The mean temperature for this month for nine years past has been 44.7. The total precipitation for this month was 3.7 inches. There was 1 cloudless day, 11 partly and 18 cloudy days,

The annual meeting of the Seattle association of Congregational churches will be held in Port Angeles next week. Rev. Mr. Henderson, of Port Townsend, will give the sermon Tuesday evening. Sessions will be held Wednesday fore-noon, after-noon and evening and Thursday fore-noon. Rev. Wallace Nutting, of Plymouth church, Seattle, will be one of the speakers Wednesday evening.

The Puget Sound Co-Operative colonists will celebrate the sixth anniversary of incorpation at the opera house on May 10th. All members, ex-members and residents of Port Angeles of 1887 are cordially invited to be present. The program will consist of five minute speeches, singing, dancing and other social features. Coffee, cake and sandwiches will be furnished and served by the ladies.

In a letter to a personal friend in Port Townsend Mrs. Schwartz says that she will not accompany her husband to Port Angeles from St. Louis. She will go to Washington City and remain with her husband's relatives until his case is finally disposed of. Her only child, a little girl, died last week, her husband is in jail waiting for officers to take him to the penitentiary at Walla Walla, and she is in destitute circumstances, all of which makes her unhappy position more apparent.

The Port Angeles fire department elected the following officers last night: F. C. Merritt, chief; Joseph Pearson, assistant chief; W. J. Dyke, treasurer; N. W. Merrifield, secretary. The Hose company elected D. W. Campbell, foreman, C. Jones, first assistant foreman; J. Stuckey, second assistant foreman; N. W. Merrifield, secretary. The Hook and Ladder company elected D. A. Currie, foreman; Geo. Wood, first assistant foreman; Fred Wilson, second assistant, and and Will Fowler, secretary.

The pupils of the higher grades at the Central school gave a picnic at Morse creek on Monday. The scholars and their friends who were present were Misses Alice Ware, Edith Cook, Anna Field, Ida Tiffany, Gracie Grant, Belle Shearer, Mabel Crosby, Ruth Cook, Maud Hamilton, Iva Coolidge, Hattie Fend, and Bertie Malony, Messrs. Charlie Brown, Frank Cram, Geo. Meagher, Roy and Ray McClinton, Roy Grant, Geo. and Bert Hamilton, and Walter Miller. A splendid time is reported.

This month is characterized for being the coldest and wettest April for the past 10 years of observations. The mean temperature is about 2 degrees below the mean average, and the precipitation is 1.64 inches, above the mean normal rainfall. The spring in consequence has been very backward, although the latter part of the month has been pleasant and warm which has given impetus to vegetation. Flowers are seen in bloom in every garden.

Six new townships have been ordered open for filing upon, and the dates named at which settlers may appear and make entry before the Seattle land office have been fixed. The following are the townships: Township 29 north, range 3 west, on June 8. Township 30 north, range 7 west, (fractional) on June 15. Township 32 north, range 12 west, on June 21. Township 27 north, range 12 west, on June 13. Township 27 north, range 13 west, on June 28. Township 28 north, range 13 west, on June 30.

Business notices in this column five cents per line each insertion.

Choice candies and fruits at Hartman & Randall's, in the Ahlver's building.

Religious services are held at the Y. M. C. A. room, on Lincoln street every Sunday at 3:30 p. m.

The best 5 cent cigar in town is the "Cuba's Beauty" at Hartman & Randall's, in the Ahlver's building.

The Sunday evening service at the Congregational church will begin at 8 o'clock hereafter instead of at 7:30.

Religious services are held on Sunday at 10:30 a.m. at the Catholic church, Oak and 11th st. Father P. Fay, pastor.

Mrs. J. C. Fields, at the "Racket Store," has just received a large line of millinery and fancy goods, that will be sold at very resonable prices.

Divine service at the First Methodist Episcopal church every Sunday morning, at 10:30 o'clock; evening services at 8 o'clock. J. M. Baxter, pastor.

Divine services are held at the Lutheran church on Ninth street, between Laurel and Oak streets every Sunday at 11 a. m., Rev. F. Hansen, pastor.

Johnson & Bork have just received a splendid invoice of wall paper, of every design and shade, and are now prepared to paper a house or an office in the richest possible manner.

Rev. S. R. Tolbfson of the Scandinavian Lutheran church, will preach at the German Lutheran church, Sunday at 1:30 p. m.

Messrs. Hartman & Randall have opened a confectionery and fruit stand in the northeast corner room of Ahlver's building. They have the only soda fountain in the city in connection. Give them a call.

Rev. M. U. Squire, the pastor of the Baptist church, will take for his subject Sunday morning The Value of Wisdom Evening subject—Youth, a Period of Great Possibilities. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 7. p. m.

If you want to buy a farm or locate a home on government land, write to or call on David T. Smith, land locator and real estate broker, La Push, Clallam county, Washington. Fifteen years residence in this vicinity, has made me familiar with every part of the Quillayute country. I have several spendid claims for sale, cheap.

For thorough-bred Plymouth Rock chickens, or for eggs, thirteen for a dollar, address WILLIAM F. BARKER, Gettysburg, Clallam Co., Wash.

Mrs. C. Cornelius, the well known business test and developing medium will give an inspirational lecture, free, in the opera house, Sunday at 2 p. m. Also a lecture in the evening commencing at 8, in which she will give tests before the audience, for which there will be charged 25 cents admission, to pay cost of hall and other expenses.

Do you want the Seattle Post-Weekly Intelligencer, the Sunday Post-Intelligencer, the Seattle Weekly Press-Times or the Tacoma Weekly News? We will furnish the Weekly or Sunday Post-Intelligencer and the BEACON one year for $2.00, or either of the other papers and the BEACON for $1 75. The regular price of the Post-Intelligencer is $2.00 and the BEACON $1.50. To take advantage of this liberal offer, the cash must invariably accompany the order.

No. 716.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that G. M. Lauridson has filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Washington, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the north line of Front street in the city of Port Angeles in said county and state, said point being 52 feet eastward from the southwest corner of Block 3 west of Laurel street as shown by the plats of survey of tide lands in front of Port Angeles, said plats being on file in the office of the auditor of said Clallam county; thence from said initial point northerly 58 deg. 45 min. E. 150 feet, more or less, to an intersection with the inner harbor line; thence easterly along the inner harbor line 53 feet; thence southerly 31 deg. 15 min. W 150 feet, more or less, to an intersection with said north line of Front street; thence westerly along said north line of Front street 53 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning, being a piece or parcel of tide land 53x150 feet, more or less in size, and part of Lots 8 and 9 in said Block 3.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication 5th day of May 1892.

W. T. FORREST
Commissioner of public lands.
Allen Weir, attorney for applicant.

No. 706.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that Erma Jansen, has filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands, situate in Clallam county, Wash, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the north line of Front street in the City of Port Angeles in said state, said point being 186 feet westward from the NW corner of Cherry and Front streets in said city as shown by the plats of tide land surveys in front of said city of Port Angeles, said plats being on file in the office of the auditor of said Clallam county; thence northerly 31 deg. 15 min. E 150 feet, more or less, to an intersection with the inner harbor line, thence easterly along the inner harbor line 27 feet; thence southerly S. 31 deg. 15 min. W. 150 feet more or less to an intersection with the said north line of Front street; thence westerly along said north line of Front street 27 feet more or less, to the place of beginning

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication April 28, 1893.

W. T. FORREST,
Commissioner of public lands.
Allen Weir attorney for applicant.

No. 722.

Notice of Application to Purcha e Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS. OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that J. M. Garrett has filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Washington, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the north line of Front street in the city of Port Angeles in said county and state; said point being 75 feet westward from the southeast corner of Block 4, west of Laurel street, as shown by the plats of survey of tide lands in front of said city of Port Angeles, said plats being on file in the office of the auditor of said Clallam county; thence northerly 31 deg. 15 min. E. 150 feet, more or less, to an intersection with the inner harbor line; thence westerly along the inner harbor line 25 feet; thence southerly S. 31 deg. 15 min. W. 150 feet, more or less, to an intersection with said north line of Front street; thence easterly along said north line of Front street 25 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning, being the west half of Lot 2 in said Block 4.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication 5th day of May 1893.

W. T. Forrest.
Commissioner of public lands.
Allen Weir, attorney for applicant.

No. 709.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that Richard Eacrett and Mary Eacrett have filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Washington, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the northerly line of Front street in the city of Port Angeles in said county and state, 25 feet easterly of the southwest corner of Lot 8, Block 1, west of Laurel street, as shown by the plats of tide land survey in front of said city said plats being on file in the office of the auditor of said Clallam county, thence northerly parallel with the westerly line of said Lot 8 and 25 feet distant therefrom 300 feet; thence easterly at right angles 25 feet; thence southerly at right angles 300 feet to an intersection with said northerly line of Front street; thence westerly along said northerly line of Front street 25 feet, more or less to the point of beginning, being the easterly half of said Lot 8. Also: all that part of the area noted on said plats and described as "Railroad Avenue" lying and being immediately between said above described tide lands and the inner harbor line described thereon, being 25x70 feet, more or less.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time described by law.

Date of first publication April 28, 1893.

W. T. Forrest
Commissioner of public lands.
Allen Weir, attorney for applicant.

No. 697.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Lands.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that Amelia Goldwater has filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Washington, to wit:

Beginning at the northwest corner of Front and Lincoln streets, as shown by the map of tide lands on file in the office of the auditor of Clallam county, being the southeast corner of Lot 1, Block 1 as shown on said plats or maps; thence along the westerly line of Lincoln street northerly N. 31 deg. 15 min. E. to the inner harbor line, a distance of 370 feet, more or less; thence westerly along the inner harbor line, 33½ feet; thence southerly S. 31 deg. 15 min. W., parallel to the westerly line of Lincoln street, 370 feet, more or less, to an intersection with the north line of Front street; thence easterly S. 58 deg. 45 min. E. along the north line of Front street to the point of beginning being 33½x300 feet of the easterly side of said Lot 1, and 33½x70 feet, more or less, of the area noted on said maps as "Railroad Avenue" abutting upon the said westerly line of said Lincoln street and abutting upon the inner harbor line.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication April 28, 1893.

W. T. FORREST
Commissioner of public lands.
Allen Weir, attorney for applicant.

No. 708.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that John M. Martin has filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide land situate in Clallam county, Wash., towit:

Beginning at a point on the north side of Front street in the city of Port Angeles, said point being at the SW corner of Lot 8, Block 1, west of Laurel street as shown by the plats of survay of tide lands in front of said city of Port Angeles, said plats being on file in the office of the auditor of said Clallam county; thence from said initial point northerly along the westerly line of said lot 8, 300 feet; thence easterly at right angles from said westerly line of said lot 8, 25 feet; thence southerly parallel with said westerly line of said lot 8, and 25 feet distant therefrom 300 feet, more or less, to an intersection with said north line of Front street; thence westerly along said north line of Front street to the point of beginning, being a parcel or tract of tide land 25x300 feet in size in said lot 8, also all that part of the area noted on said plats as "Railroad Avenue" lying and being between said described tide land and said inner harbor line.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication April 28, 1893.

W. T. FORREST,
Commissioner of public lands.
Allen Weir, attorney for applicant.

No. 731.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that Mary Ann Mackey has filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Washington, to wit,

Beginning at a point on the northerly line of Front street in the city of Port Angeles in said county and state, 100 feet westward from the southeasterly corner of Block 1 west of Laurel street as shown by the plats of tide land survey in front of said city of Port Angeles, said plats being on file in the office of the auditor of said Clallam county; said point being at the southwesterly corner of Lot 2 in said Block; thence northerly N. 31 deg. 15 min. E. along the westerly line of said Lot No. 2, to the northwesterly corner of said lot No. 2, thence same course to an intersection with the inner harbor line; thence easterly along said inner harbor line to a point 25 feet distant from said described tide land at rightangles therefrom; thence southerly S. 31 deg. 15 min W. to an intersection with said northerly line of Front street; thence westerly along said northerly line of Front street 25 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning, being a tract or parcel of tide land 25 feet wide, bounded on the southerly end thereof by the northerly line of Front street and on the northerly end thereof by the inner harbor line, and including the westerly half of Lot No. 2 in said Block No. 1 and the appraised tide land and that part of Railroad Avenue immediately between said westerly half of Lot 2 and the inner harbor line.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication 5th day of May 1892.

W. T. FORREST
Commissioner of public lands.
Allen Weir, attorney for applicant.

No. 743.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that William Graham has filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Washington, to wit:

Being Lot seven No 7 in Block No. two 2 east of Laurel street as described on the tide land map of tide lands for Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington, now on file in the auditors office of said county bounded as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of Lot eight in said Block number two 2; thence north 31 deg. 15 min. east three-hundred 300 feet; thence south 58 deg. 45 min. east fifty 50 feet; thence south 31 deg. 15 min. west three hundred 300 feet; thence north 58 deg. 45 min. west fifty 50 feet to place of beginning, containing 34-100 acres, more or less.

Also: Lot number seven 7 in Block number two and one-half 2½. Also east of Laurel street, as described on said map bounded as follows:

Beginning at the southeast corner of Lot number eight 8 in said Block number two and one-half 2½, thence south 58 deg. 45 min. east fifty 50 feet; thence north 31 deg. 15 min. east fifty-one 51 and 40-100 feet; thence north 77 deg. 40 min. west fifty-two 52 and 86-100 feet; thence south 31 deg. 15 min. west thirty-four 34 and 27-100 feet to the place of beginning, containing 5-100 acres, more or less.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication 5th day of May 1892.

W. T. FORREST
Commissioner of public lands.

THE
PIONEER ABSTRACT CO.
Wm. K. CLARK Manager.
Prompt and careful attention to all Work entrusted to us.
PORT ANGELES, WASH.

Notice Sheriff's Sale.

In the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington:

J. W EVERETT, Plaintiff
vs. No. 600.
M. L. NATHANSON AND HENRY LANDES Defendants,

Under and by virtue of and in obedience to, a certain writ of execution and order of sale issued out of the Superior Court of Clallam county, State of Washington, under the hand of the Clerk and the seal of said Court and to me the undersigned as the Sheriff of said county directed and delivered, dated the 11th day of April, 1893, upon a certain judgment of foreclosure of a real estate contract rendered and entered in said court on the 7th day of April, 1893, in which judgment and execution and order of sale I am commanded to levy upon and to sell in accordance with law the real estate and lands hereinafter described, to satisfy the sum of $3,260.00 and the further sum of $53.40 costs of suit, which sums were recovered by the plaintiff in said judgment, J. W Everett, against one of the defendants therein, M. L. Nathanson, I have this day duly levied upon in the manner prescribed by law, all of the following described lands and premises situate in said Clallam county, towit: Lots number four (4), five (5) and six (6) in section number six (6) of Township number thirty (30) North of Range seven (7) West of Willamette Meridian; also, lot number one (1) in section number one (1) of Township number thirty (30) North of Range eight (8) West of Willamette Meridian.

And therefore, notice is hereby given that on

Saturday, the 13th day of May, 1893,

at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the north front door of the court house in the City of Port Angeles in said Clallam county, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all the above described lands and premises, to satisfy said judgment and costs and accruing costs.

Dated at Port Angeles, Washington, this 12th day of April, 1893.

S. G. MORSE,
Sheriff of said Clallam County, Wash.
BENTON EMBREE, Att'y for plaintiff.
Date first publication, April 14, 1893. 15-5t

NO. 710.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that M. V. Albright has filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Washington, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the north line of Front street in the city of Port Angeles fifty feet eastward from the south west corner of Block No. 2 west of Laurel street, as shown by the plats of survey of tide lands in front of said city of Port Angeles, said official plats being on file in the office of the auditor of said Clallam county: thence northerly parallel with, and 50 feet distant from, the easterly line of Cherry street 150 feet, more or less, to the inner harbor line as shown on said plats; thence easterly along said harbor line, 25 feet; thence at right angels with said harbor line southerly, parallel with, and 75 ft. distant from said easterly line of Cherry street 150 feet, more or less, to an intersection with said northerly line of Front street; thence westerly along said northerly line of Front street to the place of beginning, being a piece or parcel of tide land 25x150 feet, more or less, in size, and the westerly half of Lot 9 in said Block No. 2.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication April 28, 1893.

W. T. FORREST
Commissioner of public lands.
Allen Weir, attorney for applicant.

No. 713.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that Thomas J. Gilmore has filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Washington, to wit:

Beginning at the southeast corner of Lot 7 in Block two (2) east of Laurel street in the townsite of the city of Port Angeles as shown on the official plat of the tide lands of Port Angeles filed in the office of the auditor of Clallam county; thence north 31 deg. 15 min. east three hundred (300) feet: thence south 58 deg. 45 min. east fifty (50) feet; thence south 31 deg. 15 min. west three hundred (300) feet; thence north 58 deg. 45 min. west fifty (50) feet to place of beginning being lot 6 in Block two (2) containing thirty-four hundredths (34-100) acres, more or less.

SECOND TRACT

Beginning at the southeast corner of lot 7 in Block two and half (2½) east of Laurel street in the townsite of the city of Port Angeles as shown on the official plat of the tide lands of Port Angeles filed in the office of the auditor afore said; thence south 58 deg. 45 min. east fifty 50 feet; thence north 31 deg. 15 min. east sixty-eight and 60-100 (68 60-100) feet; thence north 77 deg. 40 min. west fifty-two and 86-100 [52 86-100] feet; thence south 31 deg. 15 min. west fifty-one and 40-100 [51 40-100] feet, to the place of beginning, being lot 6 in Block 2½ containing seven hundredths [7-100] acres, more or less, also: that portion of the area contained between the both described tracts above, known as Railroad Avenue in said tide land.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication April 28, 1893.

W. T. FORREST
Commissioner of public lands.
Allen Weir, attorney for applicant.

No. 698.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that Herman Fisher has filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Wash., to wit:

Beginning at a point 60 feet westerly from the northwest corner of Front and Lincoln streets as shown on the duplicate plats of tide land survey on file in the office of the auditor of Clallam county, Washington, being on the northerly line of said Front street and ten feet westerly from the southeast corner of Lot 2 Block 1, as shown on said plats; thence northerly N 31 deg. 15 min. E. parallel with the easterly line of said lot 2 and ten feet west of said line 300 feet; thence westerly, N. 58 deg. 45 min. W., 40 feet; thence southerly S. 31 deg. 15 min W., 300 feet to an intersection with said north line of Front street; thence easterly along said north line of Front street S. 58 deg. 45 min E. 40 feet to the place of beginning, being 40x300 feet in said Lot 2 Block 1. Also: that part of the area described and noted on said plats as, "Railroad Avenue" lying and being immediately between said above described tide land and the inner harbor line.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication April 28, 1893.

W. T. FORREST
Commissioner of public lands.
Allen Weir, attorney for applicant.

No. 723.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that Mrs. Emma Myers has filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Washington, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the northerly line of Front street in the city of Port Angeles 250 feet westerly from the southeasterly corner of Block No. 2 west of Laurel street as shown by the official plats of survey of tide lands in front of said city of Port Angeles, said plats being on file in the office of the auditor of said Clallam county; thence northerly N. 31 deg. 15 min. E. along the easterly line of Lot 6 in said Block 2, 150 feet, more or less to an intersection with the inner harbor line as shown on said plats; thence westerly along the inner harbor line 50 feet, more or less, to the northwesterly corner of said Lot 6; thence southerly S. 31 deg. 15 min. W. along the westerly line of said Lot 6, 150 feet, more or less, to an intersection with the northerly line of said Front street; thence easterly along said north line of Front street 50 feet, more or less to the point of beginning, being a piece or parcel of tide land 50x150 feet in size, more or less, and including all of said Lot 6 in said Block 2 west of said Laurel street.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication 5th day of May 1892.

W. T. FORREST
Commissioner of public lands.
Allen Weir, attorney for applicant.

No. 728.

Notice of Application to Purchase Tide Land.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS, OLYMPIA, WASH.

Notice is hereby given that D. N. Vasfates has filed an application in this office to purchase the following described tide lands situate in Clallam county, Washington, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the north line of Front street five feet west of the southwest corner of Lot six of Block one west of Laurel street in the townsite of the city of Port Angeles as shown on the official plat of the tide lands of Port Angeles filed in the office of the auditor afore said; thence north 31 deg. 15 min. east sixty-eight and 60-100 (68 60-100) feet; thence north 77 deg. 40 min. west fifty-two and 86-100 [52 86-100] feet; thence south 31 deg. 15 min. west fifty-one and 40-100 [51 40-100] feet, to the place of beginning, being lot 6 in Block 2½ containing seven hundredths [7-100] acres, more or less, also: that portion of the area contained between the both described tracts above, known as Railroad Avenue in said tide land.

The appraisement of the above described tide land shall stand confirmed if no notice of contest is filed within the time prescribed by law.

Date of first publication April 28, 1893.

W. T. FORREST
Commissioner of public lands.
Allen Weir, attorney for applicant.

Notice to Creditors.

IN the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of HARRY WEBSTER, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that Letters of Administration on the Estate of Harry Webster deceased, were granted to the undersigned, on the 18th day of April 1893 by the Superior Court of Clallam County.

All persons having claims against said Estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance, at my residence in the City of Port Angeles in said Clallam County within one year after date of this notice, or shall be forever barred.

Dated this 21st day of April 1893.

G. K. ESTES,
Administrator of the Estate of Harry Webster deceased.
R. C. Wilson, attorney for Administrator.
Date of first publication, April 21, 1893. 16-5t

Notice to Creditors.

IN the superior court of Clallam County, State of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of Fanny Etiat Quimmyak, alias Yatsquso Quimmyak, alias Mrs. Jim Quimmyak alias Mrs. James Webster, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that letters of Administration on the estate of Fanny Etiat Quimmyak, alias Yatsquso Quimmyak alias Mrs. Jim Quimmyak alias Mrs. James Webster deceased, were granted to the undersigned, on the 18th day of April 1893 by the Superior Court of Clallam County.

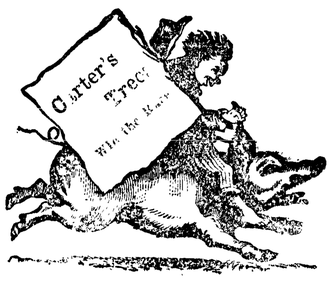
All persons having claims against said Estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance, at my residence in the City of Port Angeles in said Clallam County within one year after the date of this notice, or they shall be forever barred.

Dated this 21st day of April 1893.

WILLIAM K. CLARK,
Administrator of the Estate above named.
R. C Wilson, attorney for administrator.
Date of first Publication, April 21st, 1893. 16-5t

Prune Trees Cheap.

Prune Growing best paying Business. Nice one year trees, 3 to 4 feet, 15 cents each by the hundred; 12½ cents each for five hundred Fine large Apple, Cherry and Pear trees 3 year 6 to 8 feet, very cheap at Carter's Nursery. Send postal-card for Price List to T. H. Carter, Port Angeles, Wash.



BETTER NOW.

If you have a fragrant flower
In your heart's own garden grown,
For your friend, and some glad hour
Mean to make it all her own,
Do not wait; the lilied coffin
Sees no wreath; dear heart! Learn how
Love's best blossoms may be given
Better now.

If a box of alabaster
For your darling's head you hold,
Costly, precious, and would cast her
All its sweetness manifold,
Some glad day, wait not. Tomorrow
By her grave, perhaps, you'll bow—
Stay not for the touch of sorrow;
Break it now.

Better silence by the casket,
Funeral eulogy unsaid,
Than the living lips that ask it
Lack the word that's merited.
Death reads no obituary,
Hears no requiem; learn how
Praise to speak, pre-mortuary;
Speak it now.

Better coffin plain and flowerless,
Holding one whose life was filled
Full of fragrance. Gifts are powerless
When the beating heart is stilled.
Kiss belated, love post-portem
Cannot smooth the furrowed brow;
Garlands throw no backward perfume—
Wreath them now.

—Julia H. May in Good Housekeeping.

A CITY MYSTERY.

Miss Melinda Parkinson had come down to New York to buy her summer patterns and to indulge herself with a glimpse at the great world, of which hitherto she had only become acquainted through the columns of the weekly newspaper.

"It must be a mortal strange place," said that amiable spinster, "where folks walk up and down Broadway in their Sunday clothes, and milk sells for ten cents a quart. And where they hain't no garrets to their houses, and go out to parties just when we Centervillers are tying on our nightcaps to go to bed. Well, well, it takes all sorts of people to make a world."

So Miss Melinda retrimmed her leghorn hat with sage green ribbons, sponged over her ancient black silk gown, indulged in the extravagance of new gloves, and set forth for the great American metropolis to visit Cousin Lemuel Larkins, whose family had frequently spent halcyon summers at the farm, and to partake of whose hospitality she had had a standing invitation for some time.

Cousin Lemuel and his eldest daughter, Persephone, met her at the depot, with faces of friendly welcome. Cousin Lemuel was a photographer on the Bowery, and Miss Persephone "did" supernumerary parts at the Sparkle theater and had the promise of "going on" whenever there should be a vacancy in the regular dramatis personæ.

"Come along, Cousin Melly," said Mr. Larkins. "Where's the check for your baggage? Here, expressman! And look sharp, d'y' hear?"

"But," shrieked Miss Melinda, "that check is all I've got to show for my trunk. How do you know he'll ever bring up the trunk at all," gasped Miss Parkinson. "I once read in The Sentinel how"——

"Come along," said Mr. Larkins, good humoredly. "You'll find it'll all be as right as a trivet!"

"Ain't we going in a carriage?"

"Bless us, no," said Cousin Larkins. "We're agoin' in the 'short cars.'"

"But why are you going in the short cars?" said Miss Melinda in great bewilderment. "I thought you said you lived a mile and a half from the depot?"

"Oh!" said Mr. Larkins. "'short' means the cars, not the distance. Let me help you aboard, there's a good girl."

No sooner was Miss Parkinson safely bestowed between a stout gentleman reading his paper and a black velvet cloaked lady than she again began to be uneasy in her mind.

"Lemuel," said she, in a stage whisper, "I don't like these cars. I'd rather walk."

"But why?" said Mr. Larkins, who was hanging from a strap like a first class trapeze performer. "Eh? The man next you a pickpocket? But, my dear woman, it can't possibly be! He's a-holding up the paper with both hands! How can he be picking your pocket?"

"Ah!" nodded Miss Parkinson, "they can't deceive me. One of 'em's stuffed! I've read all about it! And he may be a-takin' my watch and my twenty-five dollars out of my under pocket with the real hand, this very minute, for all I know!"

"Madam," said the strange gentleman, jumping up and turning very red, as he started for the door, "I have not yet arrived at my destination, but I much prefer walking a few blocks to finding myself the subject of aspirations such as these! Conductor, you will have the goodness to stop."

"There," cried Miss Parkinson, starting to her feet, "it's just as The Sentinel says! He's escaping! Driver, I insist that he shall be searched! Conductor, call the police!"

"P'r'aps," suggested Cousin Lemuel, "you'd better see if your watch and money ain't safe, Melinda!"

"Because, marm," added the conductor, with the corners of his mouth twitching, "that there gent is Judge De Griffiths, of the court of common complaints, as ain't noway addicted to pocket picking, as ever I heerd on!"

And Miss Parkinson, discovering that her valuables were all safe, subsided once more into her place and merely remarked that "we are all liable to mistakes."

She was rather surprised to discover that the Larkins family, instead of occupying one of the palatial mansions contiguous to Central park, lived on the fourth floor of a rusty brick house on the Bowery, whose front windows were blinded by the elevated road and whose rear outlook consisted chiefly of cats and chimney tops. There was a summer garden next door, where a band discoursed sweet music until 3 o'clock in the morning, and a shooting gallery on the other side, and the ground floor of their own building was occupied by a job printer, whose steam machinery, albeit it was underground, roared and hissed and kept the walls a-tremble, until Miss Parkinson declared it was just like living over the crater of Vesuvius!

"La, my dear," said Mrs. Larkins, a comfortable, elderly lady with a greasy poplin dress and a cap covered with crumpled artificial flowers, "you won't mind it after a day or two. It's really a very superior neighborhood!"

They supped off clam chowder, boiled lobsters, Vienna bread and Limburger cheese—for the Larkins family were cosmopolitan in their tastes—and spent the evening at the Ingomar theater, for which Miss Persephone had always a limited number of "orders." And when Miss Melinda Parkinson retired to rest in a back hall bedroom, with the elevated road shaking the very casters of her bed every thirteenth minute, and a quartet of cats on the roof rivaling the German arias of Mme. Frida Von Poppenhusen in the garden below, she seriously believed that gentle sleep was banished altogether from her eyelids.

In the middle of the night Mrs. Larkins was aroused from her balmy slumbers by a rapping at her chamber door.

"Eh?" said Mrs. Larkins, sitting up in bed, her classic brow crowned by a cheveux de frise of curl papers. "It ain't burglars, is it? Nor the fire department? Dear me, Cousin Melinda, what can you possibly be wanting at this time of night?"

"Lucretia," said Miss Parkinson, "hush! Come with me at once."

"Laws!" cried Mrs. Larkins, hurriedly shuffling her feet into list slippers and flinging on an ancient flannel dressing gown. "What is the matter? Ain't nobody sick, is there?"

"It's a somnambulist," whispered Miss Parkinson, as Mrs. Larkins joined her in the hall. "A poor crazy creature on the roof next door, all alone by herself, with nothing but a step between her and death."

"La!" said Mrs. Larkins, beginning to tremble and develop strongly hysterical symptoms. "Are you sure, quite sure, now, Melinda, that it ain't the Limburger cheese settin' heavy on your stomach? It don't agree with everybody, you know. And"——

"Come and see for yourself," said Melinda; and she drew her cousin to the curtained casement which commanded the feline and the smoke blackened view previously alluded to. "There! Don't you see her dress flutter? Do you perceive how dangerously near the parapet wall she stands?"

"Oh, good gracious!" cried Mrs. Larkins, covering her eyes with her hands. "Let's call Lemuel."

"Who is it that lives in the next house?" demanded Melinda. "For we must go there ourselves, Lucretia. There's no time to rouse up anybody."

"And Lemuel sleeps like a log," said Mrs. Larkins, "and always thrashes round with his fists when he's roused up sudden, thinkin' of burglars the very first thing, poor dear. It's Mr. Burnabee as lives there, a manufacturer of ladies' felt skirts; quite decent and respectable. Oh, yes, my dear; p'r'aps we'd better go, then, or the poor dear'll fling herself over the parapet, and it'll be a clear case for the coroner's inquest."

In the cloudy moonlight the two women crept down stairs and rang loudly at Mr. Burnabee's door.

There was a delay. There always is a delay after the ringing of a city door bell. But to Miss Parkinson and Mrs. Larkins there was a delay which seemed almost interminable before Mr. Burnabee appeared on the scene, a little old red nosed man, with scanty gray hair, a palm leaf patterned dressing gown, and a candle whose feeble flame flickered to and fro while he held it shaded from the night wind with one hand.

"Is it fire," said Mr. Burnabee, "or is it a accident on the elevated road? I've always knowed it would come sooner or later."

"The roof! The roof!" gasped Melinda.

"Save her!" shrieked Mrs. Larkins.

"Eh?" said Mr. Burnabee. "Save who? What are you talking about, ladies?"

"The sleepwalker!" cried Miss Parkinson. "The poor creature who hovers between life and death on the top of this house!"

"We saw a woman on the roof," explained Mrs. Larkins, "and she wouldn't answer when my cousin called to her, and we're almost certain sure she's insane."

Mr. Burnabee's wrinkled countenance broke into a smile.

"There ain't no woman there," said he.

"Man," said Miss Melinda, "you are deceiving us."

"It's nothing on earth," went on Mr. Burnabee, "but my wire dummy as I fit the skirts over. The roof leaked all over her new pink cambric slip in the hard shower yesterday, so I jest set her out on the roof to dry. I put her out at night, because I knowed if I did it in the daytime there'd be no end of people asking questions and minding everybody else's business but their own."

"Oh!" said Miss Parkinson, rather awkwardly.

"Of course," said Mrs. Larkins, biting her lip.

"Much obliged to you, all the same," said Mr. Burnabee blandly, although he still chuckled.

And the two women crept home again.

"Lucretia," said Miss Parkinson, standing opposite her own door.

"W-w-well!" faltered Mrs. Larkins, scarcely able to repress her shivering.

"Don't speak of this to any one, will you?"

"No, I won't" said Mrs. Larkins.

But it is to be feared that she did not keep her word, for Mr. Larkins was full of dark allusions the next day, and Miss Persephone could scarcely speak for laughing.

Miss Parkinson purchased her patterns, and secured her summer styles, and hastened speedily back to Centerville, and ever since she declares that all the wealth of the Indies would not induce her to live in that sink of iniquity and head center of mystery, New York! And if people ask her why, she only shakes her head and says mysteriously:

"Never mind!"—Amy Randolph in New York Ledger.

NORMAN CHURCHES.

SEVERAL SPECIMENS OF EARLY NORMAN ARCHITECTURE.

Castles, Churches and Tombs Built by William the Conqueror and His Wife. They Remain Today Pure Examples of Simple Grandeur in Building.

It was to hold his own against them and to keep his rebellious subjects in order that William built the great castle at Caen. William was not a legitimate son and had no legitimate claim to the throne. He was not even highborn, at least on his mother's side, and on his father's side he was the son of a murderer; yet he proved to be one of the most able rulers of his time, and not only governed with great success the duchy of Normandy, but conquered and administered all England.

From William the Conqueror we have the Domesday book and the feudal system which constitute the foundation of our English aristocracy. How the aristocratic idea can have sprung out of so unaristocratic an origin is one of those anomalies which plentifully characterize our social institutions.

The castle of Caen, like the Tower of London, though commenced by William the Conqueror, was not finished by him. It was Henry I of England who completed this fortress when after some fighting he firmly united the duchy of Normandy to the throne of England. The town of Caen thus fortified has been fought for, attacked and pillaged on many occasions.

In 1346 it was pillaged by Edward III of England, and again in 1417 by Henry V. The French, led by the brave Dunois, took the town back in 1450, and then the Duke of Somerset, with 4,000 English soldiers who had taken refuge in the castle, had to capitulate. After the wars between the English and the French ceased the Protestants and the Catholics fought for possession of the town, and it was taken by the Protestants in 1562 and not given up till the peace of Amboise. During the great revolution Caen was a center of the Girondist party, and it was from Caen that Charlotte Corday started for Paris to assassinate Marat.

In spite of all these broils, wars and troubles the two churches built the one by William the Conqueror, the other by Matilda, his wife, remain still as magnificent specimens of the early Norman architecture. St. Estienne, or the Men's abbey, is a most impressive structure. Its twin octagon towers were built in 1064, two years before the conquest of England. One is surprised at the extreme simplicity of outline when contemplating the church and these two towers. Yet the great severity of the line imparts a majestic appearance.

A sense of force and grandeur is engendered. Within the building is somewhat spoiled by more recent additions. A large gothic chapel was added in the Fourteenth century, and, though beautiful in itself, it clashes with the Norman style of the earlier part of the edifice. In front of the high altar a marble slab indicates the spot where William the Conqueror was buried 805 years ago.

At the opposite end of the town Trinity church, or the Ladies' abbey, will be visited with even more interest. It was in the year of the conquest in 1066 that Matilda, the wife of the conqueror, commenced to build this church. The church has suffered less from the outrages of time and has been very perfectly restored.

Yet the spires on the two square towers were pulled down, for strategical reasons, in 1360, by Du Guesclin, who was then fighting against Charles the Bad, a prince who claimed the throne of Burgundy, and was one of the most perfidious men of his time. What with Charles the Simple, Robert the Devil, William the Bastard and Charles the Bad we do not get a very good idea of the monarchical principle. However, Queen Matilda, if we may believe the epitaph on her tombstone, gives a better example. This will be found immediately behind the grand altar of the Trinity church. The following are the words:

"She loved piety, she consoled the poor, and, poor herself, found herself only rich so as to distribute her wealth among the indigent. It is in consequence of this conduct that on Nov. 1, after 6 in the morning, she went to enjoy eternal life."

The church she built and where her remains still slumber is not so vast nor so imposing as that which incloses the tomb of her royal consort, the conquerer; but it is more pure in style and much more elegant. Here, undisturbed, we may admire the early Norman style of architecture. There is, it is true, a chapel of the transition epoch to the right of the nave, but it has to be entered to be seen; it stands well back and does not mar the general effect.

There is something mysterious and awe inspiring about this Norman style of architecture. It takes us back into the Dark Ages. There is an absence of ornamentation, a simplicity of design, combined with a rude strength which is imposing, majestic, and yet clearly shows that the refinements of life were not yet developed. The stones speak with the voice of history. One understands better the Norman period from viewing these Norman buildings.

Then when from these Eleventh century churches we proceed to view St. Pierre, built in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth centuries, we grasp at once the glories of gothic art. Around us in the streets there are also many beautiful private houses and mansions, built in the Thirteenth, the Fourteenth and the Fifteenth centuries, and well preserved. We get some idea of the picturesque aspect of a mediæval city and sigh for those happy times when artisans were artists, when the workman knew every department of his trade, when there was no subdivision of labor, when there was little or no machinery, when workmen became masters in their turn, when shoddy was unknown, when time was of no great value, when years could be devoted over one piece of work, and when the most beautiful, the most artistic buildings the world possesses were raised, which, with all the machinery and all the wealth of the Nineteenth century, we cannot imitate or reproduce.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Heads of the Treasury Department.

The treasury department, with a secretary of treasury at its head, was established on Sept. 2, 1789. Alexander Hamilton was the first secretary of the treasury. The first western man to hold this office was Thomas Ewing, appointed in 1841. Since that time secretaries of the treasury have been chosen with little reference to state lines. The southern states, however, have been called upon to furnish less than their quota in this department.—New York Sun.

A Liberal Rebate.

She—How much do you love me?

He—Two hundred and forty-three dollars' worth, excluding one-half the ice cream bill and carriage hire.—Kate Field's Washington.

The Love of Men and Women.

"I saw a statement in a paper recently that 'in the heirarchy of the affections women placed love before friendship, while men placed friendship before love,'" said J. P. Rogers, one of the philosophers of the Southern porch. "That sounds very pretty, but it is nonsense just the same, like many other pretty things that now find their way into print. Only a would be philosophical space writer could imagine a man putting his friends first and his wife and children second. What kind of a man would he be who would sacrifice his mother to save a friend? Now let me tell you one thing about this divine frenzy called love: Women love their offspring better than men do, but men love their mates with a fervor that surpasses feminine comprehension. Sons also love their parents better than do daughters and will make greater sacrifices for their sake.

"You often hear of a daughter turning her aged parents into the street, after the manner of Lear's unnatural offspring, but it is seldom indeed that a son does so. As a rule, widows remarry quicker than do widowers. Madam frequently forgets her liege lord before he is cold in the grave, but it is a poor stick indeed who cannot sorrow for a dead wife a year. Had Shakespeare pictured the graceless Gloster making eyes at the murderess of all those he held most dear while accompanying their funeral cortege, the world would have rejected it as unnatural and monstrous, but it can see nothing absurd in a woman doing so."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Grief and Joy in Japan.

"The Japanese are the quaintest people on earth," said M. Hutton, of San Francisco, at the Southern. "They are as versatile as the French and imitative as the negroes. Since the introduction into Japan of American ideas and thrift they have been striving hard to adopt our way of living and acting in all particulars, but they are so thoroughly grounded in their old customs and mannerisms — which, you know, is a system of almost complete reversal of everything Caucasian—that with all their sprightliness and ambition several generations yet will perhaps pass away before the revolution now in progress in the country will be complete.

"It sounds ridiculous to you that any sane human being should give expression to poignant grief by loud and rollicking laughter. But that's just what the Japanese do. I have seen a whole room full of mourners in Yokohama and other cities of the empire in the ecstasy of joy instead of convulsions of grief, as with us. Their peals of laughter were a little hysterical, but all the same they laughed. And when a child is born to a Japanese household the important event is heralded to the community by the loud cries and wails of the father and by a bountiful supply of crape on the front door. However, the more advanced few among them are discarding these strange, ancient customs, and are adopting our ways even in this particular."—St. Louis Chronicle.

The Movement of Population.

If the progress of population had been continuous from the remote periods of antiquity, it is evident that the numbers of mankind would be much greater than they are, and the globe would be already overstocked with human beings. But other causes, not less mysterious in their operation, have checked that progress. Many of the populous countries of antiquity have become depopulated and apparently unable to support life. It is uncertain whether at the present moment the population of the globe is greater than it was 2,000 or 3,000 years ago. There is congestion in Europe, in India and in China; there are innumerable tribes in central Africa on whom even the slave trade makes no perceptible impression.

But the vast plains of Asia, which swarmed with men under the Assyrian, Babylonian and Persian empires, are deserted. The civilization of Europe is no longer threatened by the eastern hordes which swept over the Roman empire in the earlier centuries of the Christian era. But that prodigious migration laid the foundation of the states of modern Europe.—Edinburgh Review.

Brains Wanted, Not Words.

One of the first things I would ask of a young writer would be, "Do you understand the stage; its mechanism, its possibilities, its restrictions?" If not, go and study them practically. "Do you understand an audience, its powers of conception, its capability to grasp your meanings, its possible acceptance of your views?" If not, go to the theater and watch the audience, not the play. And last, but by no means least: "Do you understand yourself? Do you know your failings? Can you form a sentence to be spoken, not read?"

I have read and witnessed plays that, taking a flowery and effective speech to pieces and analyzing it, developed no sense whatever—were utterly devoid of all intelligence and yet sounded well. It is just such work that ruins a play.

Lawrence Barrett once said to me: "Brains are what we want. Furnish me a plot, and I will find a hundred persons to write the flowery sentences. Every writer on a newspaper can furnish the latter, but who can supply the first?"—Bruce Whitney in Belford's.

Fine Bedstead.

A bed was made in Paris for an Indian prince, who paid thousands of pounds for it. It was constructed partly of silver, with large female figures at each corner, each holding a delicate looking fan. The weight of the sleeper's body sets certain machinery in motion which causes the figures to keep the fans gently moving—an ingenious luxury in a hot climate. By touching a spring a large music box is made to give forth soft music as a further incentive to slumber.

Another bedstead made of silver is said to have been occupied by the German emperor during his visit to the sultan. It had oriental curtains of surpassing richness, heavily embroidered with gold. What a contrast this presents to the simple iron camp beds affected by Prince Bismarck, Moltke and other renowned leaders! —Chambers' Journal.

One Writer's Method.

An author who would be known to a good many readers if he were to be named told the writer a few days ago that he suffered from the criticism of the editor as badly as anybody until recently, when he hit on a new idea. Said he: "I used to waste time and postage by sending my stuff around haphazard, and the result was that I got nearly all of it back. Now I've got a different plan. I go to the editor of Snarler's and tell him that I have a theme for a story or an article to make, say, 10,000 words, and give him a hint of what it will be like. If he doesn't want it I try some other editor, but if he does I—go home and write it? Not a bit. I pull over my pile of the rejected, send it to him and get a check for $100. You see, I've got a little reputation now."—New York Recorder.

FEMALE CRIMINALS.

A DETECTIVE SAYS THAT WOMEN ARE MORE CRUEL THAN MEN.

In Reality There Are as Many Female Criminals as There Are Male, but Circumstances Conspire to Shield the Wicked Woman—Women Seldom Reform.

Theodore C. Metzler, the well known San Francisco detective, has not had twenty-six years of experience in his profession without obtaining some very strong impressions and opinions in regard to crime and criminals.

"As a sort of text," said Mr. Metzler, "for what I have to say on this subject, I will state that in considering men and women as criminals, between whom and their deeds comparisons are to be made, I consider that, while man is undoubtedly, as a rule, the more prominent in crime, woman, on the other hand, is at once more cruel and cunning in what she does.

"From the circumstance that a considerable less number of women than men are convicted of crime the inference is drawn that in women the criminal propensities are weaker or under better control. Such a conclusion is, however, not borne out by the facts, for when crimes have been traced to women it has been found in the great majority of cases that the guilty deeds have been committed not only with systematic cunning, but also with a coolness and cruelty which have seldom been attributed to man.

"There are several reasons," continued Mr. Metzler, "why so few women have been convicted of crime. Man's natural sympathy for her often causes him to overlook important points against her, and then again he is always extra careful for fear he might do her injustice and injury. Men in the detective profession may pretend to have no sympathy for a woman, yet a good looking face and a bewitching smile always find a tender spot in their hearts.

"Of course there are exceptions, but they are very few. If there are men in this profession who are not susceptible to a woman's plea, I, in my experience of twenty-six years, have failed to find them.

"Another thing: It is seldom considered that girls are watched more carefully than boys and are under greater restraint. Neither is it taken into account that older females spend more of their time at home, while males of their own age are on the street or mingling with persons whose habits are not always the best. Many of the temptations to crime come from business complications, in which women have little or no share, as they spend most of their time at home with their children and female companions. Most homicides, you know, are the results of anger excited when persons are away from their homes and families, as violent quarrels generally take place in the street or barroom, and not in the parlor or sitting room.

"Now as to the cruelty and deliberation of the female criminal. The history of crime shows that most of the murders committed by women are those perpetrated by the administration of poison. They show careful preparation and great deliberation. In almost every instance treachery is employed, the victim being invited to partake of refreshments by one who is presumed to be a friend.

"Murder by the administration of poison is considered the most foul and the darkest of all crimes, but it is the one that women have been addicted to more generally than men in all ages and countries.

"Another very remarkable fact," continued the detective, "has recently been mentioned in a London paper by the chaplain of Clerkenwell jail. It is that some criminals are practically incurable. From a table prepared by him it was shown that during last year there were committed to the prisons and jails of England and Wales 5,686 men and 9,764 women who had been convicted no less than ten times previously. You see the force of the comparison.

"A partial explanation of this strange state of things may be found in the fact that women are more thoroughgoing in all things, good, bad or indifferent, than the men. They do nothing by halves. Be the matter the construction of a shortcake, the making of a crazy quilt or the poisoning of a rival, woman devotes all her time, knowledge and talent to what she has in view.

"Then, again, a woman has less chance of reforming than a man. The latter can go to a strange or distant place, raise whiskers or shave those he had, assume a different name and commence life anew. He can generally find employment, but with the woman it is more difficult. Disguise is not so easy, and if she goes to a different place some one is liable to recognize her.

"A strange woman is always looked on with suspicion, as it is presumed that she would prefer to live in the town where she was brought up and where her old acquaintances are. A man gets credit for his enterprise if he goes to a new country and engages in a business for himself, but such is not the case with a woman. If she is once discovered her own sex are the first to point their fingers at her, turn up their noses and refuse to associate with her, the result of which is that she becomes hardened and callous, and is again driven to crime."—San Francisco Post.

As Far As Looks Go.

"They've raked in a pretty tough looking lot this morning, haven't they?" observed the stranger, who had dropped in at the police station.

"You are looking at the wrong gang," said the reporter to whom he had spoken. "Those are not the prisoners. They are the lawyers."—Exchange.

Where Boston Streets Got Their Names.

The English names given to the Back Bay streets were evolved by a couple of Irish-Americans on the board of survey, aided by a copy of the "British Peerage."—Boston Pilot.

A Railroad Pass That Never Came.

An old neighbor of the Goulds at Roxbury, Delaware county, told a story about the millionaire's visit to his old home in the midst of one of his busiest financial seasons.

"Jay and I was always good friends," said the old man, "which is more'n I can say for him and most of the other folks here. You see, old John Gould married my sister for his second wife, and there was always more or less of a family feeling between the Goulds and us. Says I to Jay: 'Why don't you come and see us once in awhile? You're always going to get the best we have, yo' know.' Jay said suthin 'bout bein always hayin season with him and couldn't spare the time. There wasn't anythin he'd like as much as to visit up here, for he liked the old folks, he said. He asked me how I'd like to go down to York. I said farming was not so good as it was and money was mighty scarce. He said that was all right, an then he fumbled around his pockets for something, but it was not there. He explained that he thought he had his book with him, so that he could give me a pass for myself and my wife down to York, but he must have forgotten it and left it at home. He said he'd send the pass to me; but if he sent it some other one must have got it, for I never did. I was a-speakin 'bout it afterward down at the hotel, and the boys said it was most likely Jay Gould never sent it. One thing anyhow I'm certain of—that is, ef he had that air book with him that time we met he'd a writ out that air pass."—New York World.

Getting the Most Out of the Horse.

The art of getting the most out of horse flesh on the line of march is one which needs study and practice to every whit the same extent as do race riding or the haute ecole, and therefore feats of endurance should form part of an officer's education as well as those upon the tan or between the flags.

To cover many miles with success a man must, first of all, study his own condition, and while he makes his charger fit must not forget to render himself so too. He should carefully watch how his horse takes its food and vary the amount of it, the time of feeding and the nature of forage, so as to insure that the animal derives the maximum amount of benefit from the nourishment it takes.

Then he should endeavor by experiment to discover the pace which suits its conformation best and the most judicious manner of varying it, so as to afford relief to the muscles and yet get over the ground.

The particular pace that best suits the animal having been arrived at, it should be trained to go at that pace evenly and methodically and with the regularity of a machine. And care should be taken never to stretch the bow to the utmost, or the subsequent reaction will more than counterbalance the present gain.—London Saturday Review.

Scavengers of Conversation.

"Deliver me from what some author has called the 'scavengers of daily conversation,' who gather up the literary refuse on every side to offend the intellectual nostrils of the thoughtful." And Colonel Marcus Bauermann stretched himself in his chair and proceeded to explain. "A dude with a thimbleful of brains won a basket of champagne from me on the bet that q-u-i-r-e spelled a band of singers—which it does, though c-h-o-i-r is another way of spelling it—and ten minutes afterward a street car conductor used the word 'transpire' for 'perspire' and won a box of cigars from me on that.

"The latest is the case of a drummer for a Boston shoe house, who is sixty years old if he is a day, and whose gray hairs ought to indicate some faint gleams of intelligence, and yet who soberly asked me the pronunciation and meaning of the word 'bac-kac-he,' and when I told him I did not know coolly said it was pronounced 'backache,' and meant a pain in the back. Of course such people are afflicted with paresis, but oughtn't they to be restrained in some way?"—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

"Three" in Mythology.

In mythology we find the three (3) occupying even a more honorable place than the so called "mythical No. 7." There were the Three Graces, Cerebus with his three heads, Neptune holding his three tined fork, to say nothing of the Nine Muses, which are made up of three threes, and the third wave, which was thought to bring death and destruction to everything in its path. In nature we have morning, noon and night; fish, flesh and fowl. Hundreds of trees, vines and grasses have their leaves and blades set in groups of three.—St. Louis Republic.

Odd Looking Postage Stamps.

The postage stamps of China are queer looking specimens with their wriggling, crawling dragons stamped upon them. The Turkish stamps are quite pretty, and are nearly all adorned by the crescent and star. The stamps of Paraguay present a fine appearance, the main design being a lion supporting a pole which is surmounted by a liberty cap. The stamps of England have undergone fewer changes than any other country and have suffered no change whatever in the main design, the portrait of the queen.—Ohio State Journal.

Quite a Relief.

Husband—What do you do when you hit your thumb with a hammer? You can't swear."

Wife—No, but I can think with all my might and main what a perfectly horrid, mean, inconsiderate, selfish brute you are not to drive the nails yourself.—New York Weekly.

Feminine Contrariness.

Old Rooster—What have you stopped laying for?

Old Hen—It's too cold.

Old Rooster—Huh! Just like you females. Quick as it gets cool enough for me to crow without getting into a perspiration you quit laying.—Good News.